The Fort Wayne Weekly Sentinel

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SAYS DISTRICT IS SAFE FOR HEARST

Manager Henderson Gives Out an Emphatic Statement--Both Colerick and Melching Confident

(Special to The Sentinel.)

Indianapolis, Ind., May 3.—J. O. Henderson, Indiana manager of the campaign of William R. Hearst for the democratic presidential nomination, declared today that the Twelfth district is safe for Mr. Hearst, and that he has figures and facts to prove it.

Mr. Henderson further stated that while the outcome might appear uncertain, he knew precisely what he was talking about, and that he was making no false claims.

MELCHING GETS ANOTHER.

Locally the situation appears to be unchanged, friends of Mr. Melching and Mr. Colerick each asserting that their favorite will be chosen as one of the Twelfth district delegates to the St. Louis convention. On the face of the returns Mr. Colerick appears to be safely in the lead, yet Mr. Melching says he has information that warrants him in the belief that he will be elected by votes which will come to him from the northern counties in the district in addition to the Allen county delegates already chosen for him. Reports from Milan township Tuesday announced the election of Gottlieb Schaefer, the Melching delegate in that township, thus bringing the Melching vote in Allen county up to 22 as against 32 for Mr. Colerick.

Friends of the latter assert that in order for Mr. Melching to win it will be necessary for him to secure eleven of the instructed Hearst delegates in the district outside of Allen county, and they confidently predict that this cannot be done, declaring that Mr. Colerick's election as delegate is a foregone conclusion.

LITTLE GIRL WILL BE DISFIGURED FOR LIFE

Child's Face Lacerated by Bite of a Dog--Workman Has Foot Crushed.

The five-year-old daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Harry Tarmon, of 18 Randolph treet, was bitten by a dog Tuesday and as a result will probably be disfigured for life. The animal belonged to John Hochstrasser, living at 24 Randolph street and is of the pointer species. The child had been playing with the dog for some time when, without a moment's warning the animal turned and seized the little one by the face, biting off a portion of the nose, and lacerating the flesh in a most shocking manner. Dr. G. L. Greenawalt dressed the child's injuries.

FOOT WAS CRUSHED.

Frederick Gerck, employed in the Centlivre brewery, had his right foot caught between the elevator platform and shaft framework Tuesday, and several of the toes were badly crushed.

DECIDE AGAINST COLORED DELEGATE

Lily White Republicans in Louisiana Will Have Only White Ones.

New Orleans, May 3.—After a long and hard struggle the leaders of the lily white republicans in caucus today decided against the negro and it was agreed to send a solid white delegation at large to the Chicago convention instructed for President Roosevelt. Collector of the Port Henry McCalla and ex-Governor Warmoth fought hard to get a negro on the delegation, believing it would be beneficial to President Roosevelt in the doubtful states, but Chairman Frank B. Williams led a strong fight for an all-white delegation.

CAR HIT A CYCLIST.

A south bound street car struck a bicyclist at Washington and Lafayette streets shortly after 12 o'clock this afternoon, and many passengers who saw the rider thrown several feet by the car's impact rushed in panic from the car. It was found the rider was uninjured, and though covered by dirt from head to foot he pluckily mounted his wheel and rode away without giving his name.

MAY HAVE BEEN BROTHER.

John Cummings, a farmer near Napoleon, Ohio, arrived in the city Monday evening accompanied by his son, J. P. Cummings, to investigate the identity of Adam Cummings, who died near Poe Sunday morning as the result of injuries inflicted by the kick of a horse. The elder man was of the opinion that the dead man might possibly prove to be his brother, Abner Cummings, who left Ohio twenty-five years ago, and whose whereabouts have since been unknown to his relatives. They proceeded to Poe Tuesday to continue investigations. Coroner Stults has completed his finding in the case, but says that little was to be ascertained concerning the life of the dead man. Mr. Dodane, with whom Cummings has been living, says that he was very reticent concerning his affairs, but it is learned that Cummings' wife died about three years ago in the Old People's home at Avilla. He is also presumed to have had a stepson in Fort Wayne, but the name of the latter is unknown.

GENERAL TYNER IS BORNE IN ON CHAIR

Aged Defendant in Postal Scandal Case Presents Pathetic Figure.

Washington, May 3.—Both of the defendants were in court today when the impanelling of a jury proceeded for the trial of James N. Tyner and Harrison J. Barrett on indictments charging conspiracy to defraud the government.

General Tyner, as on yesterday, was brought into court in an invalid's chair and placed in a large reclining chair and surrounded with furs to protect him from the drafts of the room. Mrs. Tyner sat by his side, attentive to his slightest movement.

She whispered to counsel and explained to her husband all matters concerning the selection of the jury which escaped his failing hearing. Less than half an hour was required to complete the jury. Morgan H. Beach, United States district attorney, outlined the government's case in an elaborate review of the indictments and the events leading thereto.

Mr. Worthington made an impressive statement for the defense, referring feelingly to the feeble condition of General Tyner and to the fact that he is now seventy-nine years old. He declared, however, that his client does not desire consideration based on pity.

As he discussed the charges Mr. Worthington frequently referred to General Tyner's honored career. Tears streamed down the old man's face and he shook with emotion.

At 12:15 the first witness was summoned to the stand. He was Blaine Taylor, chief clerk of the postoffice department. He produced the official reports of the department for the years 1898, 1900, 1901 and 1902. Counsel for the defense placed a number of extracts from these books into the record.

A recess was taken until 1:30 p. m.

At the afternoon session of the court W. S. Nicholson, appointment clerk for the postoffice department, was examined in regard to the terms of office held by the defendants.

Richard M. Webster, of the office of the assistant attorney general for the postoffice department, was called. He was a clerk in the office during the regime of General Tyner as assistant attorney general. He was placed on the stand to explain the usual procedure in the issuance of fraud orders. He fixed the duties from the lowest clerks up to the assistant attorney general in the preparation of the latter's report to the postmaster general preparatory to fraud orders being issued.

TOGO AGAIN POUNDING AT PORT ARTHUR WITH FLEET

Engagement Between Japanese Warships and Russian Forts Now Proceeding--Togo Fails in Another Night Attempt to Blockade the Harbor.

JAPS PURSUE FLEEING RUSSIANS NORTH OF THE YALU RIVER

Port Arthur, May 3.—Noon.—Japanese squadron appeared off Port Arthur after daybreak today and engaged the forts and warships. The fight is still proceeding. Thirty Japanese prisoners have been captured.

Tokio, May 3.—6 p. m.—General Kuroki reports that according to a captured Russian officer Major General Kashtalinsky, commander of the third Siberian rifle brigade, was killed in the fighting at Hamatan.

Seoul, Korea, May 3.—It has been learned here that after the fighting of Sunday on the Yalu the Japanese Monday morning started to pursue the enemy through the mountains. The Russian forces are said to number 10,000 men. They sustained heavy losses.

Rome, May 3.—According to dispatches received here General Kuropatkin is on the march from Liao Yang to Feng Wang Cheng with 20,000 troops.

TOGO AGAIN FAILS.

St. Petersburg, May 3.—3:48 p. m.—It is reported that Vice Admiral Togo made another desperate attempt to block the entrance to Port Arthur last night, but failed. Viceroy Alexieff sent out a section of the fleet to meet the attack and sank eight fireships and two Japanese torpedo boats. The channel is reported to be clear.

MADE DESPERATE DEFENSE.

St. Petersburg, May 3.—4 p. m.—Later the report that Vice Admiral Togo had made another attempt to block Port Arthur was confirmed. Viceroy Alexieff reported officially that the Japanese sent eight fireships last night to block the entrance of the harbor, but they were all sunk by the Russian torpedo boats and the fire from the land batteries, leaving the channel clear. The viceroy also reported that the Russians sank two Japanese torpedo boats.

The fireships were discovered by searchlights of the batteries and guardships creeping toward Port Arthur from the east and southeast shortly after midnight. The torpedo boats and torpedo boat destroyers were ordered out, but none of the larger warships. Admiral Alexieff himself went out on board the coast defense vessel Otvasni.

The guardships at the entrance of the harbor and the forts opened a fierce fire on the fireboats, which lasted until 5 o'clock in the morning, when the last fireship went down. The official report does not specify the exact spot where the steamers were sunk, but it is plain that the Japanese attempt to cork the entrance to Port Arthur has again failed. The steamers were armed with Hotchkiss and Maxim guns and responded hotly to the Russian fire. The Russians succeeded in saving a few members of the crews of the fireships, including two officers.

FIGHTING ON MONDAY.

Tokio, May 3.—6 p. m.—The fighting on the Yalu continued on Monday. The Japanese pursued the Russians, who resisted stubbornly. The Russians surrendered some artillery. The Japanese had about 300 more casualties.

RESISTANCE WAS STUBBORN.

London, May 3.—4 p. m.—The Japanese legation this afternoon gave out General Kuroki's report, dated the afternoon of May 1, as follows:

"The enemy offered stubborn resistance to our pursuit, adding three hundred to our casualties. The enemy fought bravely to the last. Finally two companies of their artillery after losing the majority of the men and horses surrendered, raising the white flag. The officers made prisoners assert that General Kashtalinsky, the commanders of the

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FIVE THOUSAND MEN OUT ON THE SANTA FE

Report from Topeka Says Many Have Returned to Work--Other Strikes

Washington, May 3.—Approximately five thousand men out on the Santa Fe system is the strike situation today, as claimed by President O'Connell, of the International Association of Machinists. Of the 5,000 about 1,200 are machinists and the others are boilermakers, blacksmiths, tinsmiths, copper workers, helpers and the semi-skilled labor of the allied metal mechanics.

CHICAGO IMPORTS BREAD.

Chicago, May 3—Thirty-five thousand loaves of bread were received in Chicago today from Pittsburg to relieve the famine threatened by the strike of bakers. Milwaukee and St. Louis bakeries were appealed to for a portion of the city's requirements, but refused to respond, fearing that a sympathetic strike in their own establishments might follow.

New employes are being engaged here and the nine large baking plants affected by the strike are expected to yield the customary output within a few days.

GENERAL SHUT-DOWN LIKELY.

Fall River, Mass., May 3.—Reports from many of the corporations that have been shutting down their cotton mills two days each week indicate that the curtailment of the past month has been largely disappointing in its results. Some of the manufacturers favor complete shut-down of all the mills unless relief is shortly forthcoming. The operators are showing symptoms of uneasiness. A shut-down will not be ordered, however, until the present program has been tried out further. Advices from other mill towns also indicate a slow demand for goods and that the curtailment movement is extending. The number of employes in New England already affected is estimated at 40,000.

EVANSVILLE PLUMBERS OUT.

Evansville, Ind., May 3.—Evansville plumbers struck today for an increase of 50 cents per day.

MANY RETURNED TO WORK.

Topeka, Kan., May 3.—A majority of the local shopmen of the Atchison, Topeka and Santa Fe railway resumed their old places quietly today, all of the workmen except 200 union machinists going to work. General Manager Mudge says there will be no trouble in securing the necessary men to run the shops at Topeka and other points on the system. Third Vice President Buckalew says the strike is not declared off and will not be until the Santa Fe company agrees to the proposition of the union. Mr. Buckalew declares that the order has plenty of funds to sustain the strikers at all points along the line from Chicago to the coast and that not a single union man will capitulate.

At Cleburne, Albuquerque, San Bernardino, The Needles and far west points the strike is much more effective than at Topeka. A special to the State Journal from La Junta says no attempt was made to open the shop doors there today.

MANY BAKERS RESUME WORK.

Boston, May 3.—In consequence of the action of a large number of the smaller bakeries in signing the new scale from three to four hundred bakers of the 1,000 who struck in this city yesterday returned to their places today. About 100 of the smaller concerns now have signed the new schedule and the bakers' unions expect that a majority of the others in this class will consent to the demands of the men. The contest then will be with the Master Bakers' association, including the operators of three or four of the largest bakeries in the Boston district.

POSTOFFICE SAFE AT HANNA ROBBED

Dynamited by Burglars, Who Steal $1,000--Posse in Pursuit.

Chicago, May 3.—Burglars have dynamited the safe in the postoffice at Hanna, Ind. Postmaster G. A. Trigger heard the explosion and gave the alarm. The marauders escaped, however, and a posse armed with a variety of weapons is in pursuit. The booty secured is estimated at $1,000 in cash and merchandise in the general store in which the postoffice is located.

Mrs. Samuel Albrecht and child, of Denver, Col., are guests of Mrs. Dorothy Albrecht, of 901 Liberty street.

STARTED DRILL IN WELL NO. 5

Gas Company Now Has Three Rigs Running in Maumee Township Field.

The Fort Wayne Gas company now has three drilling outfits at work in its efforts to discover natural gas in the eastern part of Allen county. Drilling began Tuesday on well No. 5, located upon the Letzenberg farm in Maumee township, and a sixth well has been located upon the Kramer farm in the same township. Drilling will begin here soon.

Drillers at work upon No. 3 well, on the Strayer farm, and No. 4 well, on the Doctor farm, are now down to a depth of about five hundred feet, and the work is progressing smoothly. Superintendent Hofmann is making the most of the favorable weather and if the explorations reveal gas in sufficient quantities to warrant it he will have the supply piped into Fort Wayne in time to be utilized next winter.

ORDERS A SPECIAL EXAMINATION HELD

Excellent Chance for Places as Clerk and Carrier in Fort Wayne Postoffice.

For the reason that the eligible list from which appointments are made to positions as clerk and carrier in the Fort Wayne postoffice is exhausted, the department has ordered a special civil service examination to be held in this city Saturday, May 14.

It is said that the present opportunity will be an excellent one for early appointment for those who can qualify for places in the federal service. The age limit is eighteen to forty-five years and examination will be upon the following subjects: Spelling, arithmetic, letter writing, penmanship, copying from plain copy, United States geography and reading addresses. Application for examination may be made to W. J. Hess, secretary of the civil service board, at the postoffice building.

Shiloh chapter, Order of the Eastern Star, will hold a social meeting in the chapter room Thursday evening.

CALL DEMOCRATS TO MEET MAY 12

Formal Summons to State Convention at Indianapolis Issued by State Committee.

Indianapolis, May 3.—The democratic state committee today issued a call to the democracy of the state for the state convention. It says:

"The democratic electors of the state of Indiana and all other electors who believe in the success of the democratic principles, are hereby requested to send delegates from each of the counties in the state to a convention to be held at Tomlinson hall, Indianapolis, on Thursday, May 12, 1904, at 11 o'clock a. m., for the purpose of electing delegates and alternates to the democratic national convention to be held at St. Louis on July 6, 1904, and for the transaction of such other business as may properly come before the convention.

"The convention will be composed of 1,547 delegates, apportioned among the several counties of the state on the basis of one delegate for every 200 votes and for each additional fraction of more than 100 votes cast for Hon. Allen Zollars for elector at the November election, 1900. The delegates from the respective counties composing the several congressional districts will meet in the city of Indianapolis at 7:30 o'clock p. m., on Wednesday, May 11, 1904, at the state house to select committee representatives, delegates to the national convention, alternates and electors."

AGAIN TERRELL IS DECLARED INSANE

Fourth Time That Bluffton Murderer's Sanity Has Been Under Inquisition.

Bluffton, Ind., April 3.—For the fourth time since he killed his son-in-law, Melvin Wolfe, July 12, 1903, John W. Terrell has been the subject of an inquiry to determine his mental condition. Acting under instructions from the governor, Justice Chalfant and Drs. L. A. Spaulding and S. A. Gooding composed the commission which passed upon his case. The verdict of the commission was that Terrell is insane. Both physicians agreed on this point. He will be removed to Richmond for treatment.

BOY'S ACTION MADE HIM TIRED OF LIFE

Tipton Man Tries Suicide Because Son is Republican--Indiana Elections.

Tipton, Ind., May 3.—John Weaver, a section foreman, took morphine with suicidal intent today. His son told him that he had voted the republican ticket and this so enraged the father that he went to the Lake Erie and Western freight sheds and took the drug. He will die. The election was one of the liveliest in years. The parties cast a heavy vote and bent unusual efforts for the success of their candidates. Both parties are confident of winning.

ELECTIONS GENERAL.

Indianapolis, May 3.—Municipal elections are being held in many Indiana cities today. The issues are in nearly every case purely local, the liquor and wide open questions entering into the contests very largely.

QUIET TIME IN MUNCIE.

Muncie, Ind., May 3.—The city election here passed off quietly today, the present republican officeholders, with the exception of councilmen in three wards, having no opposition. Mayor Charles Sherritt, City Clerk Ray G. Hickok and City Treasurer Robert Martin, were re-elected. Should all three democratic candidates for council be elected the council would still stand nine republicans and three democrats.

BANKER STILL IN PRISON.

New York, May 3.—The grand jury today returned two additional indictments against David Rothschild, former president of the defunct Federal bank. Four indictments are now pending against the entangled financier, who is still imprisoned in the tombs, through his inability to secure the $25,000 bail under which he is held.

IN SOUTHERN INDIANA.

Evansville, Ind., May 3.—Elections are being held in many of the southern Indiana towns today for mayor and other city officials. At Mt. Vernon the campaign has been bitter The present mayor is A. J. Miller, republican, and his democratic opponent is Herdis Clements, a former member of the state legislature. Clements has made his campaign on a platform of reform. At Princeton A. G. Twineham, republican, is trying to defeat Mayor Charles White, democrat, who has served four years. White's administration has been sharply criticised by Mr. Twineham and his friends. At Cannelton the issue has been hotly fought. John Zimmerman, republican, has served as mayor for four years and is a candidate for re-election. His opponent is A. P. Clemens, democrat, who is making a strong fight. He has charged Mayor Zimmerman with running a wide open town and has made an appeal to the temperance people. Elections will also occur at Huntingburg and Tell City.

CATTLE PERISH IN STOCKYARDS BLAZE

Indianapolis Stock Pens are Wiped Out by Fire--Loss is $175,000.

Indianapolis, May 3.—The Union stockyards resumed business after the fire of last night. The Interstate yards are being used. The loss is estimated today at $175,000, fully insured. Twenty-seven acres of sheds, eighty cattle and twenty hogs were burned. One thousand hogs and 600 horses were saved.

The fire broke out about 11:40 o'clock last night and rapidly spread over the stockyards, devouring the fences and cattle sheds and grain and hay. The roofs, covered with thick coatings of tar, made rich food for the flames and they were licked up with startling rapidity.

The work of getting the 500 or more head of frightened cattle out of the burning sheds on to the commons was begun by a force of nearly 100 cattlemen and laborers. With axes, crowbars and clubs dozens of the big gates were quickly battered down and openings made for the exit of the cattle.

Here the difficulty began. The animals, terrified by the smoke that was pouring over them in dense clouds and the flames that were rushing toward them, refused to move until the workmen ran among them and with big clubs began beating them over the backs.

The bellowing could be heard for fully a mile. Five hundred head were driven out in safety, but two big pens, each containing about forty, could not be reached on account of the intense heat and the blinding smoke, and the firemen and those who had volunteered assistance were compelled to look on while the helpless beasts were incinerated in their tracks.

Notice of the safe arrival of Rev D. T. Williams in London came this morning in the shape of a cablegram to his wife.

RUSSIA DOES NOT THINK IT DEFEAT

Thrashing and Retreat from the Yalu Before Advancing Japs is Not Considered a Reverse.

JAPANESE NOW HOLD LONG LINE OF YALU

St. Petersburg, May 2.—4:13 p. m.—At the army headquarters here there is not the slightest evidence that the Russians consider they have sustained a reverse.

The crossing of the Yalu by the enemy was taken as a matter of course and as part of the program.

CROSSED IN SAME PLACE.

St. Petersburg, May 2.—5:21 p. m.—It is the subject of general remark here that the Japanese on crossing the Yalu adopted almost identically the tactics they followed during the Chinese-Japanese war, forcing the passage at the exact place they did in 1895.

The emperor is now receiving the war news at Tsars Koye Selo, fifteen miles south of St. Petersburg, a special wire having been run into the new palace there.

RUSSIANS COULD NOT STAND.

Tokio, May 2.—11 a. m.—After the Japanese carried the line of hills extending from Chiu Tien Cheng to Yoshoka, on the right bank of the Iho river yesterday, the Russians made a second stand on a hill northwest of Chiu Tien Cheng, but they began retreating at ten minutes before 2 o'clock in the afternoon. The twelfth Japanese division advanced toward Tablang Fang, which is due west of the village of Makao, the division of the imperial guards advanced toward Hamatan, which is west of Chiu Tien Cheng, while the second division moved down the river with Antung as its objective. The general reserve advanced over the main road to Liao Yang, which runs in a westerly direction from the Yalu river. At 6 o'clock yesterday evening the Japanese army had a line extending from Antung northwesterly to Laukuku and running from there in a northeasterly direction to Mishikiu. At Hamatan, where the Iho river makes its first bend to the west the Japanese succeeded in enveloping the Russians on three sides. At this place after sharp fighting at close range the Japanese captured twenty Russian guns with their horses, carriages and ammunition and more than twenty officers and many men. The Russian troops at Hamatan retreated toward Feng Wang Cheng. A Russian officer who was taken prisoner said that the effect of the Japanese artillery fire on Saturday and Sunday was enormous. Lieutenant General Sassulitch, commander of the second Siberian army corps, and Major General Kashtalinsky, commander of the third East Siberian rifle brigade, were wounded by shells. A Russian lieutenant colonel was captured. It is estimated that the Russian casualties amounted to over 800. General Kuroki and his headquarters entered Chiu Tien Cheng at half-past 5 Sunday evening.

FELL BACK IN CONFUSION.

London, May 2.—A dispatch to the Central News from Seoul says that after the Japanese charge which resulted in the occupation of the Russian lines at Chiu-Tien-Cheng, the Russians fell back in confusion. The Japanese, the dispatch continues, have now secured a firm hold on the Manchurian side of the Yalu.

TELEPHONE TRUST GIVEN HARD JOLT

Cumberland Company, Controlling Situation in South, Ousted from Tennessee by High Court

Nashville, Tenn., May 2.—The Cumberland Telephone and Telegraph company has been ordered into the hands of a receiver by Chancellor Allison and to be ousted from the state of Tennessee. The company has an authorized capital of $20,000,000 and about $12,000,000 is outstanding. It controls the telephone situation in the south by reason of its relation to the Bell Telephone company, and has lines radiating into Southern Illinois and Indiana.

The action grows out of an effort on the part of the state by relation to declare a forfeiture of the charter of the company upon the ground that it has violated the statutes in its attempts to suppress competition. It is charged in the bill that defendant company leased to one of its officers or directors the local exchanges in those towns in which it was confronted with competition, and that it immediately proceeded to break down its rivals by reducing the rates to below a paying basis. This resulted in the death or absorption of the smaller concerns and the rates were restored as soon as competition was stifled.

The court held that the statutes forbid the acquisition by one telephone company of another competing company or exchange in such manner as was employed by the defendant, and that they are quasi-public carriers and therefore amenable or subject to and controlled by the whole statutory law of the state applicable to railroad and telegraph companies, and cannot therefore exercise and claim rights and powers which are denied to railroads.

WILL PUT UP A BIG OFFICE BUILDING

Chicago Syndicate Will Erect Eight Story Building at Berry and Harrison

A representative of a western syndicate will arrive in the city on Wednesday to close up a deal for the purchase of the old Berry street M. E. church property, at Harrison and Berry streets, upon which it is proposed to erect an eight-story office building. Col. R. S. Robertson, the Fort Wayne representative of the firm, is authority for the positive statement that the building will be erected, providing there is no hitch in the negotiations to purchase the site from E. C. Rurode. Mr. Rurode will return from New York this evening or tomorrow, and it is understood he is willing to part with the property for the sum offered by the syndicate.

The lot has a frontage of 150 feet on Harrison street and 120 on Berry street and the entire site will be occupied. The old church will be torn down immediately, providing the deal is closed, and building operations will be begun this summer. The ground floor will be divided into store rooms and the remainder of the building will be for offices and lodge rooms. The cost of the new building will not be less than $250,000.

INDIANA BARBERS IN ANNUAL SESSION

Secretary-Treasurer Steiss, of Fort Wayne, Not Candidate for Re-election.

Hartford City, Ind., May 2.—Indiana barbers are meeting here in annual session. Seventy-five delegates are present. President Alfred Fletcher, of Muncie, is presiding. Neither he nor Treasurer-Secretary Charles L. Steiss, of Fort Wayne, will be a candidate for re-election. Charles Rupley, of Lafayette, and James Reeves, of Anderson, are the candidates for president. Marion is asking for the next convention.

HAD TWO RIBS REMOVED.

A rather unusual operation was yperformed at St. Joseph hospital Monday by Dr. Maurice Rosenthal, assisted by Dr. Griser, of Columbia City, the patient being Miss Hirshberger, of Columbia City. Miss Hirsberger has been suffering from lung trouble and in order to remove an abcess, the removal of two ribs was found necessary. The patient's condition is serious.

A scourge of gipsy fortune tellers has kept the Logansport police busy for the past week. Most of them have been run out of the city.

CONGRESS DRIVEN BY THE PRESIDENT

Hon. J. M. Robinson Says the Executive Wants to Run Everything.

HIGH TRIBUTE TO CANNON

Twelfth District Congressman Home and Ready for the Work of Campaign.

Hon. James M. Robinson, representative in congress from the Twelfth district, returned from Washington at an early hour Sunday morning.

While feeling well, Mr. Robinson admits that his hard work of the session has told somewhat on him, but he nevertheless was immersed in his work Monday morning when a Sentinel representative called to see him.

Mr. Robinson says there was a great hurry on the part of the republicans to get away from Washington, even at the expense of leaving undone much necessary legislation. The president, he says, is disposed to drive congress this way or that, and he further says that while republican members find it extremely galling to be so driven, that hardly any dare to be outspoken against it. On Monday between spells of attention to his correspondence Mr. Robinson took time to express his views upon some matters of public interest, during the course of which he had the following to say:

"A careful statement of the work of the last session of congress could not be given without a special mention of two characters who probably more than ever before impressed themselves upon the work, the president and the speaker. The president's attitude from start to finish was a course provocative of antagonism with his party. Speaker Cannon's course, the reverse, was one of firmness against the senate encroachments, a perfect diplomacy in dealing with the house members, a fairness under all circumstances and a desire to intrench himself in the hearts of all the legislators without regard to party. His thirty-two years of service as a member of congress gave him an equipment that enabled him to adjourn the two sessions of the Fifty-eighth congress with the unreserved expression of approval of every member of the house. When that brilliant congressman from Grand Rapids, Mich., William Alden Smith, arose in the house to speak to the subject of house membership charged covertly by the department with being involved in the post office scandals, and in an impassioned way nominated Cannon for the presidency the country may have been surprised that the republicans of the house almost to a man arose and for five minutes kept the house in stormy session by their vociferous approval. While it was a republican fight and a disapproval of the course of the president, the democrats of the house were glad to have an opportunity to join in personal compliments to Cannon and all joined the demonstration.

"The suggestions we see from time to time in the papers of Cannon's strength as a vice presidential candidate are not only an aftermath of the president's course toward the two houses, but it is more than a suggestion of the president's weakness, and the necessity of having as his running mate a man in whom the public has full confidence It is doubtful whether either Cannon or Fairbanks will surrender the high position that each has attained to bolster up one who does not rank with either of them in the traits necessary to make a safe, conservative and trusted executive.

"President Roosevelt started soon after his induction into office to dragoon congress into his way of thinking. He does not mince his words when he calls the "faithful" to see him and it is a peculiar system of his to ride "rough shod" over the opinions of republican senators and members who rank him almost a lifetime in the public service. While these matters are open secrets at the capitol the public is not in the dark on the subject for this presidential policy has been constantly chronicled in the press. The open revolt of republican senators and members of the house to this presidential system may not be so well known to the country, but when one reflects that republican senators and congressmen, who have grown old in the service, and who are charged with legislation, are dictated to in a form and manner that does not comport with the dignity or the rights of the executive, the reason for this revolt by republicans against usurpation by the president is not difficult to understand.

"The president forces his way on congress on civil service, on Cuban reciprocity, on the repeated nomination of Crum to be collector at the port of Charleston, which the republican senate has as repeatedly refused to confirm. But repeated refusal by the senate to confirm is met by the president with repeated sending of the name to the senate in the form of recess appointment, and the last step of this fight with the senate has been taken within a week.

The republican senate had no sympathy with the president's Indianola postoffice business.

"The president announced when he ascended the throne that he would follow President McKinley's policy, but he has departed as widely from it as day is from night.

"His ways of doing business would suit a throne, but the ways of McKinley more suited a republic. Roosevelt's nomination of General Wood provoked the resentment of Senator Hanna, who was never found out of line with his friends, whatever his errors of republicanism may have been. To show the president's peculiar manner a few instances may be mentioned. Last congress Cannon gave me the points, and went out of his way to give me time to speak against the policy of irrigation. He was bitterly opposed to the system proposed, but the president, who it is said 'does things,' sent for Cannon to come to the white house, and it was just before the latter was to take the floor against it, and the president urged him to relax his opposition. Of course the president appoints many to office on the recommendation of members and it cannot be said he is without influence, but what will those who are charged with legislative duties say of this 'sand bag' process by one whose legitimate province is to send his messages to congress and whose right is not to go so far out of his way to 'influence' members? Some idea may be gained as to how members feel about it when forty prominent republicans in the house resented this in the last congress on the beet sugar proposition.

"But the president's power of appointments, with his way of doing things, made this large congressional contingent lay down in a year or two. No man can be thus pulled down from the support of his conscientious opinions without having resentment deep and pronounced—and this they all have—and from this springs the opposition to the president so widespread that we hear constantly of it. Within four weeks we had in the house a bill to issue bonds to build railroads in the Philippines. Though Americans have bonded the Philippines already for $17,000,000, it was proposed to bond them for $25,000,000 more, and it was proposed that the United States should guarantee the payment of interest on the railroad bonds and practically stand guarantee for the payment of the principal. This charge upon the Philippine people, who cannot pay, and on the United States treasury, which must ultimately pay, was a pet scheme of the president's and he used his way of doing things to press it through the house, where it barely escaped defeat because of republican opposition, but it run up against republican opposition in the senate and the president could not force the railroad sections through, though he tried to do so.

"Within two weeks the bill to appoint a ship subsidy commission, which the president recommended in his last message, and used his methods to promote through the house, came up there for consideration. Burton, republican, of Cleveland, Ohio, was against it, and was going to speak against it. Two hours before it came up for a vote and during the time Mr. Burton was to speak, the president sent for Burton to come to the white house and Burton's voice against it was not heard.

"Could he refuse the summons? No. Could he speak his mind after the president had requested him not to? Well, hardly.

"By working fifteen hours a day every day I was in Washington, I was able to keep up with my work. I attended fifty sessions of the committee on territories and twelve of the insular committee, and when it is understood that these sessions each take two hours in the morning and that I did not miss any of the house sessions from 12 to 5 p. m., except six hours during a severe case of the grip, the amount of work can be realized.

"I made a specialty of appropriation bills this session, which takes time, but I got lots of suggestions from the republicans, from the speaker and General Grosvenor on down. You see it is easier for one of the opposition to ventilate abuses in the government departments and bureaus and expose grafts on the public service, and while individual republicans see them and know of them they hesitate in debate to ventilate and expose them so long as a machine in the house is apt to charge them with bolting, etc. It is not easy for the republican members to point out the 'ways that are desirous,' but a score of times this season prominent republicans have come to me with points and facts and letters and urged me to go after them. Hemenway is in sympathy with reform. Men high in official positions outside of the house have, unsolicited given me much aid in the line of promoting purity and efficiency in the public service, and my labor in this has been thus aided by unselfish and disinterested officers of the government."

James Castle has returned to Richmond after an absence of ten years,

BOTH SIDES NOW CLAIM SUCCESS

Ex-Sheriff Melching Says He Will Be Elected Delegate to St. Louis.

MR. COLERICK POSITIVE

The Latter Secures Thirty-Two Delegates in Allen County Primaries.

The democratic primaries held in this city and Allen county Saturday to elect delegates to the democratic state convention at Indianapolis the 12th of this month have had the curious result of causing each of two rival candidates for delegateship to the St. Louis convention to declare that his election is practically assured.

Hon. Henry Colerick, according to the returns, has thirty-two of the Allen county delegates instructed for his candidacy for delegate, and he has maintained all along that with those pledged to him in the other counties of the Twelfth district he needed but twelve from this county. With thirty-two his majority would be more than ample.

Former Sheriff A. E. Melching Monday received assurances from Indianapolis that if he counld command twenty-one Allen county delegates he would be certain of the honor of election as delegate to the national convention of the party. According to the returns from Fort Wayne and Allen county Mr. Melching has precisely twenty-one state delegates instructed for him.

THE VOTE.

The vote so far as reported in the city and townships in aSturday's primaries was as follows:

	Melching.	Colerick.
First ward	..	3
Second ward	3	..
Third ward	1	2
Fourth ward	2	2
Fifth ward	3	..
Sixth ward	..	3
Seventh ward	1	2
Eighth ward	..	3
Ninth ward	2	..
Tenth ward	..	3
Adams township	2	1
Pleasant	1	..
Maumee	..	1
Scipio	..	1
Cedar Creek	1	..
Jackson	..	1
St. Joe	1	..
Monroe	..	2
Jefferson	..	1
Perry	1	..
Springfield	..	1
Washington	..	2
Wayne	..	2
Eel River	..	1
Lake	1	..
Lafayette	..	1
Madison	1	..
Marion	1	..
Total	21	32

ABOIT DID NOT ELECT.

No election was held in Aboit township and the committee had made no report today of its selection. Both Mr. Colerick and Mr. Melching claim the control of the district as a result of the vote Saturday and while the latter gave out no figures he stated that from Indianapolis came word to him by long distance telephone that he needed only twenty-one votes in Allen county.

At the time this message was received there were three townships out, but when Chairman Henry P. Scherer arrived at his office he found a communication stating that Ed. B. Boyle has been selected delegate in Madison township and had been instructed for Melching. This gave him the twenty-one votes he wants.

MR. COLERICK'S FIGURES.

Mr. Colerick stated on Saturday night that he needed only twelve votes in the county and gave out the following figures as an estimate of his strength:

County.	Delegates.
DeKalb	15
Noble	13
Lagrange	8
Steuben	4
Whitley	4
Total besides Allen	44

To this can be added at least thirty-one in Allen county, making a total of seventy-five, with a possibility of two more. Mr. Colerick, who represents the Hearst movement, has been at work for several weeks and his standing in the party carried with it a great deal of weight and to this may doubtless be attributed the greater part of the strength developed by the cause he represented.

Mr. Melching made no announcement of his name until about two weeks before the primaries and had not the time to organize his forces properly for the nght. He stated today that with the assurances he had received this morning from Indianapolis he had no doubt that he would

(Continued on Page Seven.)

MAY DAY STRIKES IN MANY SECTIONS

Annual Trouble Day in Industrial Circles--Santa Fe Locks Out 2,000 Shopmen in Topeka.

OVER SIX THOUSAND IDLE IN CHICAGO

Topeka, Kan., May 2.—When the 2,000 Santa Fe machinists and workmen gathered at the big railway shops in this city today to go to work they found the gates locked. The entire plot of ground of twenty-five acres is surrounded with a high oak board fence with few gates. These gates were locked and the men without told by armed guards that "there was nothing doing."

The Santa Fe officials assert that they were simply anticipating a strike that would have come today. They said information had come to them that the men had held secret meetings Saturday night and Sunday and decided upon a strike at 9 o'clock Monday morning. There was no disturbance today, the majority of the men returning quietly to their homes.

At the general offices of the railway here it was stated that the order to close down was given to every shop town on the Santa Fe system from Chicago to Albuquerque. It is estimated that nearly 10,000 men are affected. On March 23 the International Association of Machinists submitted a list of twenty rules which they desired the Santa Fe to contract to observe in the management of the machine shops. The officials asserted that this would be a recognition of the union and would practically unionize the shops and take them out from under the control of the company. It rejected the demands for a contract.

BAKERS WALK OUT.

Boston, May 2.—The principal difficulty to occur on May day in New England was the strike of more than 1,500 bakers in this city and nearby places, including Cambridge, Lynn, Salem, Brockton, Abington, Rockland, Stoughton, North Easton, Weymouth, South Weymouth and Bridgewater. The strike was caused by the refusal of the master bakers to sign a new schedule calling for a 60-hour week and $16 weekly for second hands and $18 for foremen. The larger hotels and restaurants are not affected by the strike.

Among other troubles are those caused by the demand of 400 carpenters in Springfield and Chicopee for an increase of 50 cents a day. There were minor strikes in the building trades in other places, but in New England as a whole the number of men in voluntary idleness is smaller this year than usual.

TWO UNIONS STRIKE.

Schenectady, N. Y., May 2.—Two strikes were inaugurated in this city today when the members of the tinsmiths and the coal handlers' unions, numbering in all about 300 men, went out as the result of the refusal of employers to grant an increase of wages.

CARPENTERS ON STRIKE.

Waterbury, Conn., May 2.—A general strike of all the union carpenters in this city, numbering 400, began today. The carpenters demand a minimum wage rate of $2.80 a day in place of the $2.50 now paid and the refusal of the master carpenters to sign an agreement based on the increased rate, caused the strike.

Later the hodcarriers and laborers, numbering 300, struck because the

(Continued on Page Seven.)

GREAT BRITAIN LOSES HER SUIT

Federal Supreme Court Decides That Lynchehaun Cannot Be Extradited from America.

Washington, May 2.—The United States supreme court today affirmed the decision of the United States circuit court releasing Thomas Walsh alias Lynchehaun, the Irishman arrested in Indiana and for whom extradition was sought by the British authorities. Lynchehaun was charged with murder.

HISTORY OF THE CASE.

Indianapolis, May 2.—The Lynchehaun case has attracted the attention of Irishmen throughout the country. In 1894 James Lynchehaun was the tenant of Agnes McDonnell on the island of Achill, on the west coast of County Mayo, Ireland. Lynchehaun was a prominent officer of the Land league. On the night of October 6, 1894, there was a riot of the McDonnell tenantry and Mrs. McDonnell was injured, her barns being burned. She accused Lynchehaun of assaulting her with a club. He was tried and sentenced to prison for life. He escaped, was recaptured after a long chase, escaped again and after several years was found in Indianapolis. He was arrested here August 25, 1903, and after a hearing by United States Commissioner Moores was released on the ground that the crime was of a political nature and not extraditable. The British government was represented by the consul at New York. Irishmen of Indiana raised a fund for the defense. The case was appealed to the supreme court by the British government.

ANOTHER DISASTER AT WORLD'S FAIR

Hurricane Deck of Steamer Collapses Under Weight of Big Crowd.

St. Louis, Mo., May 2.—The hurricane roof of the ferry steamer Alonzo C. Church collapsed early last evening while the steamer was crowded with sightseers viewing the United States gunboat Nashville, at anchor in the river harbor here, and about twenty persons were injured, a number of them being reported in a critical condition. The names of the following injured have been secured, but this list is not complete, as several persons were immediately taken to their homes before their names were learned:

J. B. Wood, leg broken and internally injured.

George Montigo, both ankles fractured.

Mabel Montigo, aged four years, head hurt.

Edward Mack, leg crushed.

Mollie Collins, East St. Louis, internally.

The ferry steamer had been carrying crowds all day from the foot of Valentine street into midstream, past the Nashville and back again. No stop was made at the Nashville owing to the heavy flood current running. As the ferryboat was rounding the Nashville and starting back to dock the crowd on the upper deck rushed to the steamer's side and out on the hurricane roof. The strain was too great and the roof collapsed, precipitating a large number of persons twenty feet to the deck below, which was also crowded.

Instantly a panic ensued. Women screamed, some from injury and some from fright, and several persons attempted to jump in the river, thinking the boat was sinking. Cooler heads prevented this, and efforts were at once begun to succor the injured. A distress signal was blown from the boat's whistle and tugs hurried alongside, but it was deemed best to proceed to land and not attempt to place the injured on the tugs. Ambulances had been hastily called, and soon after the Alonzo C. Church had reached shore the injured were being conveyed to the City hospital and many neighboring homes.

Mrs. L. V. Ulrey was thrown from her buggy on Hanna street by a collision with a lumber wagon Saturday at 6 o'clock and was slightly bruised. The horse ran south several squares and was stopped at the Hanna street school. The buggy was badly damaged.

J. A. Thompson, a Lake county farmer, was bound, gagged and robbed by three masked marauders

DOAN'S KIDNEY PILLS

DOAN'S KIDNEY PILLS

Bad Backs are found in every household.

A back is a bad back when it aches or when it's lame and painful. Bad backs come from sick kidneys and warn you of serious trouble if the kidneys are not relieved.

Backache may not seem serious to you but it's an early symptomatic indication of dangerous diabetes, of dropsy, of Bright's disease—Better cure it when it's only backache. Doan's Kidney Pills cure every kidney ill.

Tired Backs come to those who are forced to overtax them in their daily duties. Ever realize that it isn't really the back that's tired but the kidneys? The kidneys are overworked, become congested, and when they "play out" the back will tell you.

Healthy people have strong backs.

Learn to be healthy through keeping the kidneys active. Doan's Kidney Pills keep the kidneys active, correct and cure infrequent or excessive urinary discharges, painful urination and all bladder and kidney troubles.

Fort Wayne Proof

EWING STREET.

Ex-Policeman J. Patton, of 180 Ewing street, says: "I had kidney complaint for four or five years. The kidney secretions were discolored and I had much annoyance from their too frequent action. If I stooped and straightened, everything whirled about me and I was almost blind. Whenever I tried to work a little in my garden or stood in a stooping position my back ached terribly, and I had to place my hand where the pain was worst, my back feeling perfectly numb. Doan's Kidney Pills, procured at Meyer Bros. Co.'s drug store, relieved me right from the start. I took two boxes. The difficulty with the kidney secretions disappeared as well as the dizziness and I could work in my garden all day, and never feel my back ache any more than a man who has never had kidney trouble."

HUFFMAN STREET.

Mrs. Sarah Schrage, of 57 Huffman street, says: "I suffered from kidney trouble for a long time and was unable to get relief. My back ached very badly and when I tried to stoop I was taken with a stitch across the small of my back which was very painful. I got a box of Doan's Kidney Pills at Meyer Bros. Co.'s drug store and they soon drove away every symptom of kidney disorder. I had some trouble in taking them at first, as it is very hard for me to swallow a pill, but I soon found that I could break them up and take them just as well, as there is no bad taste to them."

A TRIAL FREE

This coupon good for one free trial box of DOAN'S KIDNEY PILLS. Write plainly name and address. Send to Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, N. Y., and a free trial will be sent you promptly.

Free to Readers of the Fort Wayne Sentinel

NAME .....

STREET AND NO. .....

PLACE .....

STATE .....

Fort Wayne Proof

BARR STREET.

Mrs. A. S. Booth, who lives at 70 Barr street, says: "I had kidney trouble ever since I can remember and a backache seemed to be as much a part of me as my hands or feet. I had a hemorrhage of the kidneys, which I thought was going to end my life. I became so nervous that I could not control myself and I had a great difficulty in remembering things. One day a lady friend of mine was going to get Doan's Kidney Pills and I thought I would try them also, so I got a box at Meyer Bros. Co.'s drug store. I began taking them and continued the treatment with the result that I steadily gained in health from the commencement until I was better than I had been in a long time."

LIBERTY STREET.

Mrs. J. R. Brockerman, of No. 9 Liberty street, says: "My husband and I both found Doan's Kidney Pills, sold at Meyer Bros. Co.'s drug store, a most worthy remedy, and one that we can highly recommend. Before I took them my kidneys were in a very bad shape. My back ached continually and was so lame and weak I could not stoop and get up again. When I lay down my husband had to help me up. I had dizzy spells and everything whirled so that I almost lost my balance. Doan's Kidney Pills had a most beneficial effect on me and I enjoyed better health than I had before in months. My husband also took some of the two boxes we had, and he was greatly benefited."

DOAN'S KIDNEY PILLS

DOAN'S KIDNEY PILLS

DEMOCRATS SHOW BIG PARTY GAINS

Tuesday's Municipal Elections in Indiana Cities Indicate Strong Democratic Drift.

Tuesday's municipal elections in Indiana cities resulted largely to advantage of the democratic party. In many cities normally democratic, but in which republicans had gained complete or partial control of government, were recovered by the democrats. In others republican rule was overthrown. A notable democratic victory was at Warsaw, where for the first time in the history of the city the democrats elected a mayor. At Auburn the democrats elected their entire city ticket and a majority of the council. Ligonier democrats elected a mayor and in Columbia City the democrats made a complete clean-up. Republicans scored their usual success at Kendallville, while in Bluffton, after the most strenuous municipal campaign in the city's history, the democrats scored a very decisive victory. Garrett, Huntington, Decatur, South Bend and Laporte were among other cities of Northern Indiana to go democratic. Wabash and Michigan City were carried by the republicans.

In other sections of the state the democrats are shown to have made notable gains.

AUBURN DEMOCRATIC.

Auburn, Ind., May 4.—In the city election Tuesday the democrats made practically a clean sweep, electing all candidates save two members of the city council. The vote was very heavy, that for mayor being as follows: James Y. McClellan, democrat, 410; Albert Beidler, republican, 298; Charles Eckart, populist, 243.

For city clerk Edward O. Little, democrat, has a majority of 147 over Frank Lanning, republican; for marshal, Frank Lahnum, democrat, defeated Marion Knepper, republican, by 525; for treasurer, George Schaab, democrat, defeated B. Lehman, republican, and in the race for the city council the successful men were: First ward—C. E. Rinear, republican, and Will Kettler, democrat; Second ward—James Sheffer, republican, and W. C. McNabb, democrat; Third ward, J. E. Ensley, democrat, and Alex Wilson, democrat.

BIG VOTE AT LIGONIER.

Ligonier, Ind., May 4.—The vote at the city election Tuesday was the largest ever cast here, the poll book showing that but twelve voters failed to appear at the polls. Mayor Fred H. Green, democrat, was re-elected by a majority of 46 over Major A. B. Mier, the republican candidate, and the republicans elected R. E. Jeannerett city clerk and E. W. Brown, treasurer. William Vondersmith, democrat, for marshal, was elected and the victorious councilmen were:

First ward—Harlan Gibson, democrat, and Charles Mailey, republican.

Second ward—Jacob Sheets, democrat, and Dr. W. K. Mitchell, republican.

Third ward—Jacob Graham, independent, and Albert B. Weaver, democrat.

NOTHING GOT AWAY.

Garrett, Ind., May 4.—With a big vote out at the city election Tuesday, every democratic nominee was elected by majorities ranging from 225 to 250. This means the return of E. E. Thumma to the mayor's chair with the entire council democratic.

DECATUR DEMOCRATIC.

Decatur, Ind., May 4.—Mayor David M. Coffee (dem.) was re-elected Tuesday by a majority of 55, and the entire democratic ticket was elected save in the case of two councilmen. Jack McFeely was elected clerk; W. J. Archbold, treasurer, and Edward Green, marshal.

WON AT HUNTINGTON.

Huntington, Ind., May 4.—Huntington is now a democratic city, the democrats om Tuesday electing the mayor, city clerk and half the members of the city council. For mayor, J. Fred France (dem.) had a majority of 169 over Charles Wintrode (rep.), and for clerk, Joe E. Carroll (dem.) wins by 59. The republicans elected Henry Kase city treasurer by 126, and John H. Jacobs marshal by 2. Four councilmen are democrats and five republicans, with a tie in the Fifth ward.

SURPRISE AT WARSAW.

Warsaw, Ind., May 4.—For the first time in the history of Warsaw, a democrat was elected mayor in the city election Tuesday, A. G. Wood defeating the republican nominee, Charles A. Rigdon, by a majority of 14. The remainder of the ticket is republican.

KENDALLVILLE REPUBLICAN.

Kendallville, Ind., May 4.—The republicans maintained their customary grip on the government of this city in yesterday's election.

Mayor James Graves was re-elected over Herman Krueger, democrat, by 96 majority. Don Brillhart was re-elected over E. A. Hirsch, democrat, for clerk, by 101. For treasurer, William Gregg, republican, was elected over George Kaiser by the narrow margin of ten votes. Elroy Schauck, democrat, was elected marshal over George Smith, republican, by 108. The councilmen elected are:

First ward—Barney Pullman, republican; William Rinebolt, democrat.

Second ward—Fred Hess, democrat; C. C. Beyer and A. H. Minor, republican, were a tie.

Third ward—F. L. Vluhm and Jacob Keller, republican.

The issue was the proposition to build a new high school at a cost of $30,000. The project was beaten by two votes.

RESULTS AT BLUFFTON.

Bluffton, Ind., May 4.—Mayor John Mock, democrat, was re-elected safely over Hugh Kapp, the republican nominee in the city election Tuesday. The fight was a bitter one, and the situation was made the more complex by the so-called citizens' independent ticket, which had been placed in the field. Ed F. Elliott, democrat, was elected city clerk, and Fred J. Tangeman, democrat, had no opposition for treasurer. John Crosbie, republican, for marshal, was successful. The democrats elected four out of the six councilmen, the successful candidates being as follows: First ward, John Buck, independent, and Daniel Lanigan, democrat; Second ward, John Morris, democrat, and James Clark, democrat; Third ward, George McFarren, independent, and Charles Bender, democrat.

ALL ARE DEMOCRATIC.

Columbia City, Ind., May 4.—Every democratic candidate was successful in the city election Tuesday, Mayor Joseph R. Harrison having a majority of 140 over Henry E. Baker, the republican nominee. Frank Ness, for marshal, was re-elected by a majority of 50 over W. F. VanOsdall. Others on the victorious ticket are: Clerk, Frank R. Hall; treasurer, William Feaster; councilmen, First ward, J. W. McNabb and James Bodley; second ward, Fred C. Binder and Frank Brahms; third ward, George Hops and Henry C. Pence.

DIVIDED SPOILS AT BUTLER.

Butler, Ind., May 4.—Democrats and republicans divided the offices pretty evenly in yesterday's election here. The establishment of a sewer system was the main issue.

The results were as follows:

For Mayor—John Hazelet, republican.

Marshal—Dan Freiburn, republican.

Treasurer—Clyde Oberlin, democrat.

Clerk—O. A. Gingnagle, democrat.

For Councilmen—First ward, Ed. Feightenburger, republican, and William Mutzfield, democrat; Second ward, Dr. Shoemaker and H. Downey, democrats; Third ward, George Rowe and Jack Anker, republicans.

SUMMARY OF RESULTS.

South Bend—Mayor Fogarty (democrat) re-elected by big majority; council democratic by decisive majority.

Logansport—George P. McGee (republican) mayor; majority of council democratic.

Laporte—Mayor Darrow (democrat) re-elected; majority of council democratic.

Wabash—Joseph Murphy (republican) elected mayor by big majority; republicans control council.

Union City—Republicans elected all of their ticket except two councilmen.

Richmond—Mayor Zimmerman (republican) and entire republican city ticket except four councilmen elected.

Peru—Democrats elected mayor and majority of the council.

Elkhart—Democrats elected mayor, judge and treasurer; republicans control council.

Muncie—Republicans elected their whole ticket with the exception of one councilman.

Elwood—Republicans elect mayor; council evenly split.

Terre Haute—Republicans elect mayor and majority of council.

Crawfordsville—Democrats elected mayor and republicans a majority of the council.

Madison—Democrats elected mayor and nine of twelve councilmen.

Kokomo—Republicans swept the city.

Noblesville—Democrats elect mayor and one councilman.

Rushville—Democrats elect mayor and majority of council.

Tipton—Entire democratic ticket elected.

Martinsville—Republicans carried city first time in six years.

Bloomington—Republican.

Jeffersonville—Democratic.

Lebanon—Democratic.

METHODISTS READY FOR CONFERENCE

Problems of Vast Importance to Be Decided at Los Angeles This Month.

Los Angeles, Cal., May 2.—As the day for the assembling of the delegates to the thirty-first general conference of the Methodist Episcopal church approaches, general interest in the gathering of representative church men from all parts of the civilized world becomes greater and when Bishop Steven Merrill calls to order the first session at 9 o'clock next Wednesday morning, 748 out of a total of 750 accredited delegates will be in their seats ready to proceed with the legislative tasks confronting them. The delegates will, during the daily sessions lasting throughout the month of May, be called upon to solve many problems of importance to the growth and future welfare of the church.

In the opinion of many high in the councils of Methodism the session will prove the most important of any in the history of the church. Among the most important subjects are the following:

What can the church do on the liquor question? What action can the church take to solve the race problem?

Shall worldly pleasures, such as dancing, theater-going and card-playing be condoned by the church?

With which country in the war in the far east are our sympathies?

What can be done by the church to prevent, in the good name of the country, the crime of lynching?

Shall the itineraries of Methodist ministers be restored?

How many bishops shall be elected and how many be retired?

GRETH AIRSHIP IS GIVEN NEW TRIAL

Machine Was Under Perfect Control, But Slight Break Occurred.

San Francisco, May 3.—Dr. Greth tried to make a trip to San Jose in his airship, but after traveling about five miles some slight disarrangement of the machinery was discovered and the voyager was forced to make a landing. Dr. Greth was accompanied by Engineer Frederick Belcher. Dr. Greth was satisfied with the results of this experimental flight. He went up at 8:10 a. m.

When the rope was cast off Dr. Greth let his machine rise and then made a circular figure about a quarter of a mile in circumference. It was evident to those below that he had the machine under control, for he circled around, stopped the engines and started them again, and then started off to the south at a high speed. Everything went well until the ship was over Blankenship's six-mile house, on the San Bruno road. It was then going rapidly toward San Jose, but something went wrong with the machinery, which caused the airship to stop. The inventor and the engineer tried to adjust the break and then after a pause the fans were started going and the ship began to descend. To all appearance the fans were controlling the ship, though it was conceded they were not quite large and powerful enough to meet the resistance of strong winds. Eye witnesses of the descent said that the airship came down gradually and touched the ground gently, allowing the men in the car to step out. Nothing was injured either in the car or about the gas bag.

The engine is an automobile machine of fifty-horse power and it is set up in a new frame much larger and stronger than the first gas-pipe frame which carried Dr. Greth up with the former engine. It was demonstrated that while the fans which raise and lower the airship and also have considerable bearing on the steering, are not large enough, yet they did very well under the circumstances. They are to be enlarged, and also the rudder, in order that the ship may be more dirigible.

Engineer Belcher said of his trip: "It was highly successful. Everything went well and all parts of the machinery were in good working order.

"I am thoroughly satisfied with the test. We could direct the machine at will and make several complete turns before descending.

"The sudden giving away of a small valve led us to descend at the six-mile house."

THE DEATHS

SCHMIDT.

Jacob Schmidt, 73 years of age and long a resident of Fort Wayne, died Tuesday evening at his home, 823 Wilt street, from asthma, after an illness of four weeks.

Mr. Schmidt was a native of Wittenberg, Germany, and came to Fort Wayne thirty-five years ago. He was by occupation a plasterer, but retired from active work several years ago. He was a member of St. John's Lutheran church. Surviving relatives include seven children—William Schmidt, Mrs. Charles Feistkorn, Mrs. Samuel Betz, Mrs. Philip Anderson and Ed and John Schmidt, of Fort Wayne, and Jacob Schmidt, of Sioux City, Iowa.

DEALER

LETTER TO HEINRICH & FUELLING, FORT WAYNE, IND.

Dear Sirs: Messrs. Leachman & Edelin, Grafton, W Va, had been selling a paint, which they thought well of; and this had occurred.

They had sold a customer 18 gallons of it to paint his house. A few years later, they sold the same man Devoe lead-and-zinc, the same number of gallons to paint the same house. He had 7 gallons left.

The point of the tale is: 11 gallons Devoe paints an 18-gallon house.

Of course, that isn't all.

Why does 11 gallons Devoe go as far as 18 gallons of other paint? Because it is all paint, all true, no sham, and full measure.

But that isn't all. Devoe lasts longer. No, no; you haven't got to wait ten years to find that out. Ten thousand people know it. We've got their names. Our agents know them; they think a heap of Devoe. There's no difficulty in showing your townspeople what to expect of Devoe. $10 will paint a $15 house; and the paint'll last twice as long.

Yours truly

F. W. DEVOE & CO

88 New York and Chicago

Samuel Thomas, a prominent young farmer near Leesburg, was suddenly stricken with illness Friday night and died within half an hour.

The Weekly Sentinel.

E. A. K. HACKETT..Editor and Proprietor.

SUBSCRIPTION In Advance........$1.00
At End of Year....$1.50

WEDNESDAY, MAY 4, 1904.

Somebody will have to explain when Hanly comes to town—if Hanly ever does.

That the St. Louis fair will be worth seeing no one disputes. But those who expect to see it will be gainers by waiting a few weeks.

There would be nothing improper in the board of works using such persuasive efforts as it can to bring the paving company and the interurban folks to agreement as to paving of Fulton street.

Many Indiana cities are holding municipal elections today, and notwithstanding local issues and not general politics will cut much the larger figure in results, tomorrow's wind will be carrying clouds of alleged "straws" as to what is going to happen in November.

Notwithstanding it was widely thought otherwise, J. P. Morgan did engineer the wind-up of the Panama canal deal. No one ever supposed that he could be got along without and it is a pleasant vindication of popular judgment to find that no effort was made to dispense with him.

Being from Missouri and a loyal upholder of all things institutional therein, Congressman Champ Clark is trying to show the country why United States Senator Francis Marion Cockrill, also from Missouri, should be the democratic nominee for president. If it were possible to do it there is no one who could do it better than Champ Clark.

If Japan would only have the good nature to wait until the Russians got really ready to fight there might be another story. Probably the Japs think that if there is any advantage in having a thing over with before it has fairly begun it might as well belong to them as to the slower-moving Muscovites.

Your Uncle Joe Cannon is too foxy a statesman and too experienced in politics and national legislation to be tempted with the bait of the vice presidency. The position, high as it is, would add nothing to his fame and it would leave him shorn of much of his power. Speaker Cannon has made it clear to his tempters that what he chiefly wants just now is to be let alone on the vice presidential proposition.

Conferences just held in Washington indicate that there is vast uncertainty as to Senator Fairbanks becoming the republican nominee for the vice presidency. It appears another effort has been made by the president and his close advisers to gain consent of Speaker Cannon to stand for the nomination, and failing in that, there is some impetus given a boom for Secretary of the Treasury Shaw. Beyond question Senator Fairbanks would prove the most popular and influential coadjutor President Roosevelt could have in the coming campaign, but there is multiplying evidence that the senior senator from Indiana does not want and probably will not consent to take the nomination.

In six weeks the democratic county convention will meet to nominate men for the offices to be filled in Allen county at the coming election. With recent experiences in mind it hardly seems necessary to say that the party in Allen county should meet this duty in the highest spirit of good citizenship. The county has not ceased to be democratic, but a good many clear-headed, independent-thinking members of the party have ceased to believe themselves bound in obligation to accept and acquiesce in all that may be done in the name of the party. The party can regain its old-time confidence and vigor and assure itself an old-time majority by faithful adherence to its duty and that duty is first to make the personnel of its ticket the pledge and guarantee that public office in this county must be administered by men of admitted ability and unquestioned fitness of character. The new procedure adopted for the nomination of candidates in some degree vouchsafes that the rank and file of the party shall have the dominant word in making choice of candidates. The masses of the party in this county now have it in their power to make choice of the very best timber offered for a ticket and if they shall so choose the convention must ratify the will of the majority. We cannot but believe that in the forthcoming county primaries the democratic voters of Allen county will display loyal zeal for good citizenship and the welfare of the party by choosing the best men in the party to serve the people.

The second session of the Fifty-eighth congress has adjourned after the briefest "long session" known for generations. There is little cause to lament its going for it was not only not doing anything, but has had no intention of doing anything. The two important measures disposed of were the Cuban reciprocity matter and the Panama canal affair. These could not have well been delayed or passed on to another session because the probability is that remissness on those points would have provoked the president to call an extra session. While a number of matters of possibly more than mere minor importance were disposed of, nothing in the session has been of general national import aside from the two features alluded to. It was hardly to be expected, however, that the majority would attempt anything likely to complicate present campaign issues or raise new ones. If the republicans have a majority in the next house they cannot well avoid some attention to the tariff, though that will be dodged if possible. The campaign doubtless will bring out some vague promises of relief from the burdens of the Dingley law as a sop to western sentiment, but there has been little indication afforded by the present congress that the tariff will be altered so long as the republicans control congress. The most admirable thing developed by the session just closed has been the course of Speaker Cannon, who has done much to restore the house to its proper and constitutional status as the popular and dominant branch of congress. He has also given more latitude to the rights of the minority than has been the case for many years and more than ever has endeared himself to the representatives of both great political parties in the house.

NAMED THE WEAKEST.

In the main the character of the republican state ticket will be judged by its head. J. Frank Hanly, of Lafayette, nominee of the convention just held at Indianapolis, strong as he appeared before the convention, is after all the weakest of the four men who were gubernatorial candidates before that body.

That he is a good politician and an able general is amply proved by the ease with which he captured the highest honors of his party in the state. That he is not the sort of man to be governor of Indiana is given abundant proof by the opinions held of him and the charges asserted against him by the men who opposed his nomination. The democrats of Indiana need go not a step beyond what thousands of republicans have been saying of Mr. Hanly during the past few weeks for reasons why he should not be elected. If those who fought before and in the convention will be half as candid in their opinions of him as they have been they will make a cloud of witnesses to the unfitness of J. Frank Hanly for the Indiana governorship.

Of Mr. Hanly in the campaign his party may expect much. He is a splendid campaigner and a politician of high accomplishments; but the state needs not a politician in its seat of highest honor and power. The nomination of Mr. Hanly to some extent cuts out the work for the Indiana democracy and makes its work of the campaign the easier. A first-class democrat who combines in his person and character all the high requisites of good citizenship and business-like statesmanship can make democratic victory in the state almost assured. Some such man as Hon. Hugh Dougherty, of Bluffton, can be elected over the man the republicans have distinguished with their favor for the governorship.

WHY PENFIELD LOST.

The ablest, most dignified, best equipped and in all respects the most fit man for the Indiana governorship before the republican state convention was Judge William L. Penfield, of Auburn. On all hands the high character and eminent statesmanship of Judge Penfield were heartily admitted. But he was wanting in the one essential element to success in such a struggle. He is more a statesman than a politician. Practically the only hearty support and really the only effective organization he had was in his own Twelfth district. In the Twelfth his organization was compact and effective. Outside he had no well-prepared support with which to breast the heaving tide of the Hanly crowd. Until his friends from Fort Wayne and other sections of the district arrived on the battleground last week his candidacy outside the Twelfth district was without practical and well-directed effort. The hope was that Judge Penfield was just the sort of man to command support when the Taylor and Hanly crowds began to break. And so it would have fallen out had there been any possibility of defeating Hanly. Six weeks ago Hanly's triumph would have been preventable by skillful politics. With the convention assembling before real work was begun the result was almost foretold. The convention rejected its strongest man for its weakest and we believe the count of the votes in November will be the demonstration that the republicans of Indiana chose the course of disaster with the safer way opened fair and inviting before them.

A CALL FOR MR. DOUGHERTY.

(Indianapolis News.)

Yesterday's republican work may be credited as additionally good if it shall result in pressing the nomination of Hugh Dougherty by the democrats, as is already spoken of, and causing that party to adopt a conservative platform. It seems to be the feeling that Mr. Dougherty would make the strongest candidate that the democrats could nominate, so strong that it is conceded that his candidacy would at least put the republicans on their good behavior, and if it did not "put them out," would let them know that they had had a fight to win. That is the condition of normal, healthy politics, and is needed here and now and everywhere all the time. The continued supremacy of one party by a large majority is not good for the state. The people suffer when the politicians have no fear of accounting before their eyes. With politicians "accounting" means losing the offices. Affairs in Indiana would be put forward toward a better condition in many ways were such a man as Mr. Dougherty to confront Mr. Hanly as the alternatives between which the people of Indian could choose.

This year seems to be one of returning wisdom on the part of the democrats. The Parker campaign at large is of the same sort that a Dougherty campaign would be here. In both cases if they should not mean success in winning the offices they would mean success in habilitating the democratic party, making it a real opposition and putting it in line for the best appeal for the people's confidence. Such a condition—two virile parties, both demonstrably worthy of the people's confidence—is the normal, healthy condition of politics in any country. Under it changes are made from one party to another as the people judge is best for their interests.

IN REPLY TO INQUIRIES we have pleasure in announcing that Ely's Liquid Cream Balm is like the solid preparation of that admirable remedy in that it cleanses and heals membranes affected by nasal catarrh. There is no drying or sneezing. The Liquid Cream Balm is adapted to use by patients who have trouble in inhaling through the nose and prefer spraying. The price, including spraying tube, is 75 cents. Sold by druggists or mailed by Ely Brothers, 56 Warren Street, New York.

REAL ESTATE TRANSFERS.

(Compiled by John C. Heller, Abstracter, 132 East Berry Street.)

Wm. Heine to Henry Werling, sw ¼ sw ¼ sec 33, Milan tp, for $2,200.

Christian and Lydia Goldsmith to Henry Goldsmith, lot 20, Klopfenstein's add to Grabill, for $50.

David and Mary Yaggy to Christian Goldsmith, lot 19, Klopfenstein's add to Grabill, for $50.

E. M. Strieder, et al., to Edward F. Yarnelle, lots 1 to 15 and 41, Winch's add, and lots 185 to 190, Fletcher's add, for $16,750.

Chas. J. and M. Jeanmongin to Chas. F. and Carrie Decka, se ¼ sec 21, Abolt tp, for $700.

Geo. F. Reamsnider, et al., to Wm. N. Peckham, lots 20 and 21, McGovern's add to Monroeville, for $900.

Hubert and Amanda Scherer to Geo. and Ellen Emerick, w ½ se ¼ and sw ¼ ex w 80 a, sec 30, Marion tp, for $7,585.

Thad. R. Perry to Jay F. Perry, und. ½, e. ½, n. w. ¼, sec. 2, Eel River tp., for $900.

Gottlieb and C. Krinn to Josephine Gerig, w. ½, s. e. ¼, sec. 21, Cedar Creek tp.

Geo. W. Cummings to Delbert R. Vardaman, lot 21, Wayne Heights Plat "A," for $1400.

Sophia Amstutz to David and Elizabeth Witmer, n. ½, n. ½, s. w. ¼, sec. 27, Springfield tp., for $3300.

Lucy A. and W. S. Townsend to Mary Lawrence, frl sec 25, Jefferson tp, for $1.00.

Mary Lawrence to Wm. S. Townsend, frl sec 25, Jefferson tp, for $1.00.

Sophia Amstutz to Noah Amstutz, e 38 rds 1 4-7 ft of s 42 ft sw ¼ sec 29, Springfield tp, for $500.

James and M. Roy to Conrad H. Brown, lot 18, Pool's second add to Monroeville, for $950.

S. Z. and R. E. Taylor to Hannah Salway, lot 62, Barnhart's add, Monroeville, for $60.

Mary Fank to C. E. Haley, Margaret Haley and Ella Rhaney, und ¼ lot 2, Engle's add to Monroeville, for $175.

Auditor (T. E. Ellison) to H. W. Dorris, lot 21, Barnhart's add to Monroeville, for $9.76.

Sarah E. Soule to Frank and E. J. Moss, w ½ ne ¼ sec 29, Cedar Creek tp, for $3,500.

Jacob Klopfenstein to Oliver L. Klopfenstein, 20 a n of Leo rd w of Ft. Wayne and Auburn rd, sec 23, Cedar Creek tp, for $525.

Emil and S. Voirol to F. J. Renier, e 3 a n 6.40 chs w ½ nw ¼ sec 25, Jefferson tp, for $900.

Sadie Staunton to Geo. F. Reamsnider, lots 9 and 11, Old Plat, Monroeville, for $600, and lot 18, Old Plat, Monroeville, for $100.

Geo. F. Reamsnider to John D. Alleger, lot 18, Old Plat, Monroeville, for $100.

Elmira Roberts to Lafayette Reichelderfer, n 49 ft lots 46, 47, 48, L. Reichelderfer's add to Harlan, for $1,000.

Commercial Improvement Co. to Wm. H. F. Beerman, lot 282, Commercial add, for $200.

WILL SEND YOU $3.75 FREE

Franklin Miles, M. D., LL. B., the Celebrated Chicago Specialist, Will Send $3.75 Worth of His New Treatment Free.

When an experienced physician offers to give away $40,000 worth of a New Treatment for diseases of the heart, nerves, stomach or dropsy, it is conclusive evidence that he has great faith in it. And when hundreds of prominent people freely testify to his unusual skill and the superiority of his New Personal Treatment, his liberality is certainly worthy of serious consideration.

That Dr. Miles is one of the world's most successful physicians is proven by hundreds of testimonials from well-known people. One patient cured after failure of eleven Grand Rapids physicians, two after being given up by six and seven Chicago physicians, another after nine leading doctors in New York City, Philadelphia and Chicago failed.

The eminent Rev. W. Bell, D. D., of Dayton, O., Gen. Sec'y of Foreign Missions, writes editorially in The State Sunday School Union: "We desire to state that from personal acquaintance we know Dr. Miles to be a most skillful specialist, a man who has spared neither labor nor money to keep himself abreast of the great advancement in medical science."

Mr. J. S. Zent, of Hartford Block, Indianapolis, was entirely disabled for business for 14 months from head, heart and stomach troubles. "I had," he writes, "been under the care of many physicians without any permanent benefits, before applying to Dr. Miles with his new ideas and methods." Mrs. E. G. Reynolds, of Elkhart, Ind., states: "For 20 years before taking Dr. Miles' Special Treatment for enlargement of the heart, severe pain, smothering spells, headache and prostration, my case was pronounced incurable by many physicians in the larger cities. He cured me in three months." Mrs. A. Kronck, of Huntington, Ind., was "cured after forty physicians had failed."

This new system of Special Treatment is thoroughly scientific and immensely superior to ordinary methods.

As all afflicted readers may have $3.75 worth of treatment free, we would advise them to send for it at once. Address, Dr. Franklin Miles, 504 to 514 Main Street, Elkhart, Ind.

HOBOES RANSACKED THE HUGHES HOME

Men Brought Back from Huntington Where They Were Captured.

Three hoboes were brought back from Huntington today by Superintendent Gorsline after having been captured by the police of that city, on the charge of robbing the home of Michael Hughes, at 314 Chicago street, yesterday afternoon. The men had the stolen property with them and their connection with the robbery is fully established.

The members of the Hughes family were away from home yesterday, when the three tramps entered the house and after breaking up all the dishes and helping themselves to such food as they could find, they took a pair of blue uniform trousers belonging to the head of the house, a red silk waist, the property of the second in command, and a number of ornaments.

When the police were notified Superintendent Gorsline sent out descriptions of the men and was notified last night of their capture by the Huntington authorities.

NEWS OF THE POLICE.

"Foxy" Irvin was in police court this morning on the charge of drunkenness and former convictions of the same offense and went to jail under a fine of $35 and costs. Chas. Williams was fined $1 and costs for plain drunk.

Charles Kennedy, charged with assaulting William Schaich, entered a plea of guilty and got $5 and costs.

Superintendent Gorsline has instructed the police not to warn boys against playing ball on the street, but to arrest them hereafter. Too many windows have been broken to permit the practice to continue.

COMES TO FORT WAYNE.

(Huntington News-Democrat.)

Eph. Shoemaker will resign his position as clerk at the Globe clothing store Saturday evening and accept a similar position with the Wolff clothing company of Fort Wayne. Mr Shoemaker has been employed by the Globe five years and has always been well liked. He is accommodating and courteous and has many friends. Mr. Shoemaker will begin work in the store at Fort Wayne next Monday.

ALFALFA.

For the benefit of those wanting information about alfalfa I say it can be grown here profitably. There is a field on the state farm three miles from the city and anyone interested can verify my statement. The land where it is growing is not naturally good, but they cut good crops of hay, and better land would make much larger amounts. It will grow anywhere if the land is not too wet. It sends its roots down to a great depth and resist drouth remarkably well, but there are places in the arid states, on the elevated plateaus, where there is neither rain or dew for over four months, that alfalfa cannot be grown, so there is a limit to its drouth resisting qualities. They know the value of alfalfa in many of the countries in Europe and a friend of mine who was traveling and visiting in Switzerland last summer said they grow it there. They do not let their cows on pasture, but cut their feed, and my friend said they cut alfalfa eight times in a season for green feed. It is very nutritious and easily digested and the amount produced on rich land is enormous. The claim has been made that one acre would produce enough green and dry feed to keep a cow a year. Our people here, with their liberal ideas, and generous feeding, will naturally be a little credulous about such statements, and will want to know something about the dimensions of the cow. They ought to see the amount of hay produced on the small patches of irrigated lands in Utah.

With the first cutting of alfalfa they build a great butt of a rick six or seven feet high. The next cutting builds it up as much higher, and they were cutting the third crop to put on top and finish the rick and all would be ready for rains if they came in October the usual time. This was the last of August and some ricks were finished and some alfalfa not cut in Utah. They raise wheat and oats, vegetables and fruit. Everything in perfection. No weeds or insect pest. The people may not be perfection, but they were very sociable and obliging. I started writing about alfalfa and people do not eat alfalfa, but hogs do, and for them it is a very valuable forage crop. They are ready for the butcher's block right from the pasture with scarcely any grain. It makes more than double the feed to the acre of any other crop and hogs keep healthy. Many persons in Colorado and eastern Oregon told me that it would double the profits of farming here if we could raise alfalfa. It deserves a trial though it is hard to get people to make radical changes. Prepare a piece of ground and sow as soon as it is dry enough. Sow plenty of seed to be sure of a good start. The seed men will tell you how much. They have trouble west to get a good stand, so do not get discouraged. It is a little tender the first year so do not pasture it, but after it gets established it will not freeze out. It is a kind of relative to the so-called sweet clover that grows along the roadside, and has roots similar, but does not mature seed in this climate and does not spread and you can plow it under and kill it like clover, so do not be afraid of it as a pest for all will want it in time.

Abel Baldwin.

REV. A. W. SEABREASE NAMED.

Rev. A. W. Seabrease, formerly rector of Trinity Episcopal church, this city, has been nominated by Bishop John Hazen White as a candidate for the rectorship of St. Paul's Episcopal church in Laporte. The labors of Mr. Seabrease are now outside the state. Two other candidates are named with the former Fort Wayne clergyman and the choice of a rector will be made this week.

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.

The Kind You Have Always Bought

Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher.

On Sunday Mr. and Mrs. Isaiah J. Morris, of Warsaw, celebrated the sixtieth anniversary of their marriage.

Mothers, be sure and use Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup for your children while cutting teeth. It is the best remedy of all. my-eod-w

Constipation positively cured. Why suffer when you can get immediate relief and cure by the use of Brownie Pills? 25c per box. The LeRoy Co., P. O. Box 385, Fort Wayne, Ind. 5-4-w4t

IN NORTHERN INDIANA

George Keller, an old and prominent citizen of Bourbon, died Monday from pneumonia, at the age of seventy-two years.

Prosecutor Andrews made a raid upon the slot machines in Peru Saturday, seizing the machines and carting them to the basement of the county jail. He will now begin prosecution against the men who were operating them.

County Surveyor Henry Rankin, 78 years of age, dropped dead in the court house yard at Valparaiso Monday morning. He was one of the contractors who constructed the Pittsburg railroad between Fort Wayne and Chicago.

Kendallville has furnished more residents for Los Angeles than any small city in America. Fifty-five of them held a reunion and W. H. Kindig was elected secretary of the association. No two families went from Kendallville to Los Angeles together.

Seven years ago the home of Mrs. S. A. Edmiston, at Marion, was entered by burglars, and among the booty carried away were a number of notes, deeds and mortgages. Sunday night unknown parties returned the valuable papers to Mrs. Edmiston.

Marcus E. Jones is dead at South Whitley from blood poisoning. He was infected by using a cake of soap which had been used by a physician in dressing the tubercular leg of a patient, and there was an abrasion of the skin through which the poison entered his system.

J. O. Long, of Churubusco, is the oldest continuous resident of Whitley county. He moved there with his parents when a mere baby in 1833. In addition it can be said of him that he never asked for a public office, never served on a jury, abstains from the use of tobacco and is independent in voting.

FOR SALE—A five-room cottage on St. Mary's avenue, at a bargain; rents for $10 per month; price, $1,200; part down, balance on time. Dr. Niswonger, 128 W. Main street. This is 10 per cent. interest on your money. 4-11d&wtf

FOR SALE—Seven-room house, Lakeside, now vacant; large list of houses in all parts of city; prices from $800 up; also vacant lots from $100 up to $2,000; 2½, 5 and 10-acre lots, only three blocks from street car; farms of 40, 50, 340 to 750 acres, well improved. S. Freistoffer, 25 Bank Block. 12-24-d&w-tf

ATTENTION, FARMERS AND BORROWERS!

Money at 5 per cent. on farms and inside city property; costs reasonable; loans made promptly. Swayne & Swayne, 111 W. Main St. 5-3-d&w-1mo

Sun

Stroke Shattered My Nerves.

Gave Up Preaching For Two Years.

Dr. Miles' Nervine Put Me On Active List.

Are you well? Do you sleep well? Do you get up rested, fresh and vigorous? Is your mind clear and active? If not read the following. See what another has suffered and how he recovered.

"Some years ago I was afflicted with sun stroke which left me with a shattered nervous system and exceedingly poor health. I suffered terribly with pain in my head, the top of my head would feel hot. I could not study, and after striving for two years to wear the trouble off, I was compelled to give up my pastoral labor and retire to my farm where I spent nearly two years trying to recuperate. It was all of no avail. Physicians' treatment and patent medicines failed to relieve me. I was exceedingly nervous and irritable and sometimes would shake terribly. I could not bear any noise. At the least excitement the blood would rush to my face and head. Two years ago I was induced to try Dr. Miles' Restorative Nervine. After using one bottle I could see improvement in my condition so I continued taking it for nearly a year. I am happy to say I no longer have those pains in my head or nervous spells. My appetite is good and I am able to preach three times on Sunday without fatigue. I consider Dr. Miles' Nervine the most wonderful medicine ever discovered."—Rev. D. Alex. Holman, Pastor U. B. Church, Marion, Ind.

All druggists sell and guarantee first bottle Dr. Miles' Remedies. Send for free book on Nervous and Heart Diseases. Address Dr. Miles Medical Co., Elkhart, Ind.

The Family Record

A BEAUTIFUL PICTURE. SIZE 16 X 22. FOR 25 CENTS.

(WHAT IT IS.)

Upon a background of pure gold rests the family record in the shape of a handsome volume upon a cushion of crimson velvet. On the pages under the different headings are spaces in which to write the names and date of birth of each member of the family. Upon either side is a beautiful scroll (surmounted by lovely flowers) upon which to register marriages and deaths. At the top of the picture are the words "God Bless Our Family." Under this are two spaces for father and mother's picture. Enclosed in these spaces are lovely blue bells and morning glories. Around the picture are eight spaces for photographs of the other members of the family, each space enclosing a little gem flower piece. Elsewhere on the picture are scattered creeping vines, buds and blossoms in rich profusion, the whole resting on and thrown into bold relief by the gorgeous background of solid gold, which produces a picture of dazzling beauty. You can get same by sending 25 cents to the

SENATE SUPPLY CO.,

In clubs of six, 15c apiece.
In clubs of three, 20c apiece.
322 Segur Ave.,
TOLEDO, OHIO.

MARRIAGE LICENSE.

Clyde E. Fuller and Bessie L. Slade.

HARDWARE FOR SPRING

AMERICAN FIELD FENCE,
BUCHER & GIBBS' PLOWS,
BRYAN PLOWS,
GARDEN TOOLS,
HAY CARRIERS, BARN DOOR TRACK,
DOORS, SASH, PAINT.
RURAL MAIL BOXES—SELLING THEM CHEAP.

H. PFEIFFER & SON,

109 East Columbia St.

Meyer Bro. Strictly Pure Mixed Paint

Settles the question of a good first-class paint. It's wearing qualities are not surpassed by any paint in the market and it will always look best.

WE GUARANTEE

This paint to be composed of Strictly Pure Carbonate of Lead, strictly pure Oxide of Zinc, strictly pure Linseed Oil, Turpentine and Japan, and the coloring matter necessary to produce the shade and nothing else.

THEY WILL NOT CHALK, PEEL OR FLAKE OFF

"Consult us about Paints."

MEYER BROS.' CO.

The Big Drug Store.

KEYSTONE BLOCK. 604 Calhoun St.
109 W. Columbia St.

There is no Substitute for

ROYAL

BAKING POWDER

Absolutely Pure

It is a Matter of Health

TOGO POUNDING AT PORT ARTHUR

(Continued from Page 1.)

eleventh and twelfth infantry regiments and the commander of the artillery were killed. Many other superior officers were killed or wounded. Many refugees subsequently returned and surrendered. The prisoners include thirty officers and three hundred non-commissioned officers and men."

RUSSIANS FLED IN PANIC.

Seoul, Korea, May 3.—1:30 p. m.—The Russian troops fled panic stricken when routed at Chiu Tien Cheng, pursued by Japanese cavalry and infantry over the hill country toward Feng Wang Cheng from 1:50 p. m. until 8 o'clock at night. The Russian army engaged was composed of the third division, the twenty-second and twenty-fourth regiments of the sixth division and General Mistchenko's cavalry brigade, supported by forty field and eight machine guns. The wounded, including General-in-Chief Sassalitch and General Fashtalinsky, reached Antung, whence the Russians were eventually forced to retire after twenty-five minutes fierce fighting.

KUROPATKIN'S REPORT.

St. Petersburg, May 3.—Noon.—The emperor has received an official dispatch from General Kuropatkin forwarding a dispatch from General Sassalitch, commanding the Russian forces which have been engaged with the Japanese advance from the Yalu. It is dated noon Sunday and describes how he ordered the Russian forces at Antung and Kulien Cheng to fall back along the main road toward Foug Wang Cheng. This movement was protected from the threatened flank attack by men and guns stationed at Petietinsky, one mile north of Kulien Cheng and Chiu Gow, villages on the Litzavena river. Here the fighting was protracted and severe. The Russians lost artillery and horses, being obliged to abandon according to the text a "few guns." General Sassalitch says:

"Although we were unable to hold our positions here we inflicted heavy losses on the enemy."

LITTLE ADDITIONAL NEWS.

London, May 3.—Little additional information concerning the battle on the Yalu had reached London up to noon today and the Japanese legation had no further dispatches.

The best military experts in London are disposed to await further information before attaching undue importance to the result of the battle on the Yalu river. Commenting on the Shanghai report that United States Consul Davidson is proceeding to his post at Antung the Globe says:

"The triumph of the open door has begun and the United States have given once more a sign of their clear appreciation of the real issues at stake in the far east."

The Globe then invites the British foreign office to show similar activity.

RUSSIAN GUNS DISABLED.

Seoul, May 3.—In the fighting between the Japanese and Russians on the Yalu all the Russian guns posted to oppose the crossing of the river were put out of operation before the actual crossing began. For two hours from 7 until 9 o'clock continuous fighting went on, the Japanese steadily pressing forward and the Russians falling back before the weight of men and guns opposed to them. The Japanese captured the fortified heights northwest of Kulien Chong and the pressure was kept up until afternoon, a portion of the Russian forces being driven toward Antung. There was furious fighting the entire distance. At Antung the Russians found that in addition to the force confronting them they were threatened by strong detachments on either flank. Their retreat then became so hurried that there was no time to replace the artillery horses shot down by the Japanese sharpshooters and twenty guns together with a large quantity of ammunition and rifles and a number of officers and men were captured. The Russians were able to carry off all their wounded.

WILD RUMORS FILL AIR.

St. Petersburg, May 3.—2:25 p. m.—The silence of the authorities here regarding the later details of the fighting on the Yalu river is interpreted ominously, and there is a consequent prevalence of all sorts of irresponsible rumors regarding the magnitude of the Russian losses, some figures going as high as 3,000. Those manifestly are gross exaggerations.

The absence of official information is explained by the general staff by the fact that a few Japanese have succeeded in getting in the rear of the Russian position and are cutting the wires between Tai San Cheng and Feng Wang Cheng.

Heavy losses are admitted, but they are not believed to exceed a few hundred and some guns. The latter, while protecting the retreat of the Russian forces from Antung to Kiu Lien Cheng, had to be abandoned owing to the loss of the horses. The breechlocks, however, were carried away, so the guns will be of no service to the enemy. According to the latest information General Sassalitch is retiring in good order along the main road and the Japanese are now following him. Details are expected soon. There is no confirmation of reports that General Sassalitch or General Kashtalinsky is wounded.

PUBLIC IN THE DARK.

In the meantime the public remains in the dark and is the prey of idle rumors. The war bulletin boards are bare and not a single press dispatch has come through from the front. The figures of the Russian losses given from Japanese sources in the dispatches from abroad are carefully eliminated by the censors. Until General Sassalitch's official advices arrive the general staff is inclined to believe that Sassalitch, who was under orders to withdraw after impeding the progress of the enemy as much as possible, allowed the fight to mature beyond his intentions, being compelled to sustain heavy losses along the Litzavena river in order to extricate the retreating columns from Antung and Kiu Lien Cheng. The fighting at Chin Gow was exceedingly severe and stubborn. The Japanese took up a position on both flanks after Chin Gow had been shelled and came to close quarters, some desperate hand-to-hand work being reported, many of the Russian soldiers in the fever of combat refusing to retire at the command of their officers. According to the general staff only about 9,000 Russians were actually engaged at Kiu Lien Cheng and along the Litzavena were two regiments of Siberian riflemen of 3,000 each.

General Mitschenko, commander of the eastern Cossack brigade, had 1,500 Cossacks protecting the Russian right flank toward the Yalu and also a brigade of artillery, four batteries of eight guns each. General Kartsoff, with 1,500 Cossacks, was higher up the Yalu guarding the road at Pusikhe, which leads direct to Mukden, in order to prevent a column of the enemy using this for the purpose of outflanking the position at Feng Wang Cheng.

CZAR WAS DUMBFOUNDED.

St. Petersburg, May 3.—The emperor is understood to be greatly grieved over the losses sustained on the Yalu. Those who have seen his majesty say that he was dumbfounded when he was informed of the heavy fighting which attended the passage of the river. As is well understood here, General Kuropatkin's program did not contemplate such resistance to the Japanese advance. It is said, moreover, that Kuropatkin himself was equally surprised and so chagrined over the miscarriage of his plans that he sent his first telegram to the general staff and not direct to the emperor. The understanding here is that General Sassalitch had specific orders to avoid anything like a general engagement and it is believed that the Russian commander at the front was probably deceived in his estimate of the strength of General Kuroki's artillery, being in entire ignorance that 4.2 guns had been posted and got into a position from which he had greatest difficulty in extricating his men. The only consolation for the loss of the guns is that being without their breech locks they are of no value to the enemy.

RUSSIANS ADMIT LOSSES.

St. Petersburg, May 3.—7:02 p. m.—It is now admitted here that both Generals Sassalitch and Kashtalinsky were wounded and that twenty-seven guns were captured by the Japanese during the recent fighting on the Yalu river.

TRY THE SENTINEL WANT ADS.

KNAVE ALCOHOL.

He's a knave and only a knave,
This fellow called Alcohol.
They call him a king, but he's no such thing:
No bread has he to the world to fling;
No hope or joy to the heart to bring.
There's nothing about him true or brave;
Knave Alcohol is ever a knave!

Oh, a sorry monarch is he,
This fellow called Alcohol.
He shares with his own the gutter—his throne;
His palace—a prison; his banquet—a bone;
Despair and dishonor, the curse and groan!
He has nothing to give but a pauper's grave,
Knave Alcohol, this generous knave!

He's a coward, usurper, and cheat,
This fellow called Alcohol.
He prates of wealth yet robs by stealth
Of love, of honor, of truest self,
Of every blessing of life and health.
There's nothing honest about him, or brave,
He's ever, always, only a knave!

Then give him the title his due,
This fellow called Alcohol.
His tinsel crown and his false renown,
Replace by the cap and bells of the clown,
From his mock authority pull him down.
Yes, give him his title, however he rave,
"Knave Alcohol! ho, alcohol, knave!"
—Mrs. S. R. Graham Clark, in National Advocate.

TAKING HIS PHOTOGRAPH.

How a Practical Wife Brought Her Recreant Husband to His Senses.

"Oh, wad some power the giftie gie us,
To see ourse'l's as ithers see us;
It wad frae monie a blunder free us,
And foolish notion."
—Robby Burns.

Most people at one time or other sit for a photograph; and they are usually anxious to be properly arrayed, and so posed as to secure a respectable looking picture. But there are nowadays flash-light and snap-shot contrivances by which persons are liable to have their pictures taken in very unlikely and unexpected ways. Persons are sometimes found in position and conditions in which they would not be willing to be photographed; and it is possible that if some of them could

HIS WIFE TOOK HIS PICTURE.

really see themselves as others see them, they would very soon change their course and conduct.

One woman determined that her husband should know how he looked when he was drunk. She knew how he looked well enough, and needed not that any man should tell her. Her children also knew by sad experience; but the man himself had a very imperfect idea of the state of the case. So once when he came home and fell into a maudlin slumber, she sent for the photographer to come forthwith, and on his arrival she set before him his work. Less resolute perhaps than another woman, who under similar circumstances called a doctor and ordered him to shave her husband's head, and put on blisters, while she applied mustard poultices to his feet, she simply ordered the photographer to photograph her husband as he sat in his chair.

The photographer did his work, and did it well, and when the photograph was finished and laid beside the husband's plate at breakfast, it was a revelation; and the sobered gentleman experienced a decidedly new sensation. There was no need of explanation; the thing explained itself. There was no chance for contradiction; the sun tells no lies. There was no room for argument; there was only one thing to do, and that was to quit; and it is very fortunate that the man had the courage and sense enough to do it.

How many there are who, if they could only get one view of themselves in their tipsy, maudlin idiocy, would once and forever change their course in life.—National Advocate.

Feeling Versus Doing.

"After I've had a quart of good beer," said one man, "I feel as if I could knock a house down."

"That may be," said his friend, "but since I've been teetotal I've knocked two houses up."

It benefits trade a good deal more to knock houses up than down, unless it be the publican's. If that were knocked down numbers of other houses would be knocked up.

Teetotalism pays the tradesman.—National Advocate.

Want Temperance Instruction.

The German Roman Catholic congress, at its meeting in Cologne, recommended that temperance instruction should be given in the public schools, and that at parties, dances and other similar occasions, nonalcoholic beverages be substituted for the alcoholic beverages now in use.

CRIME OF DRUNKENNESS.

The Untold Suffering and Expense Which the Liquor Traffic Entails Upon the Country.

One of the most interesting sections of the report of the state commission of prisons which has just been made public is that in which the commission criticizes the ordinary method of dealing with drunkenness. "During the past year," the report says, "there were 28 519 commitments to jails and 3,315 to the penitentiaries for intoxication, making a total of 32,134 commitments for the single offense of drunkenness. The total commitments during the year for all offenses to the penal institutions of the state were 102,581. Thus it appears that nearly one-third of all commitments during the year were for intoxication. These figures do not include many thousand other convictions for the same offense punished by a fine which was paid before commitment.

It is well known that many thousands are arrested annually for this offense, convicted, fined and discharged without imprisonment. There are no figures at hand showing the number of these, but giving them a reasonable estimate it would appear that one-half of the convictions in the criminal courts of the state are for this single offense. While it is not to be supposed that each conviction represents a distinct personality, as repeated commitments are frequently made of the same individual, it is nevertheless true that the taxpayers of the state are annually subjected to large expense in the arrest and re-arrest of persons charged with this offense.

Much of the time of our criminal courts is occupied in their trial, and about one-half the expense of maintaining our jails, penitentiaries and workhouses is caused by the maintenance of this class of offenders. Many of these offenders are laboring men having families depending on them for support, and, except when under the influence of liquor, are honest and industrious, providing for their families. When such a man is fined and imprisoned his family suffers rather than himself.

Then, again, the punishment inflicted is often unequal. The man of means pays a fine and suffers no inconvenience, while the poor man, whether he pays a fine or goes to prison, brings privation to his family. When a man is intoxicated his reason is dethroned for the time being; he may be harmless or he may be dangerous—a menace to the safety of others. It may be necessary for the protection of the public that he be taken into custody and receive treatment at the hands of the state.—Saratoga (N. Y.) Sun.

TEMPERANCE FACTS.

The Virginia Anti-Saloon league has closed 1,100 barrooms in Virginia in two years.

Prohibition Maine ranks twenty-ninth in population, fifth in the number of savings bank depositors and sixth in the amount of deposits.

Dr. John Watson (Ian Maclaren) recently preached a temperance sermon advocating that the keepers of drinking places in England be called upon to pay increased poor rates and police rates.

Lord Roberts, when head of the British army in South Africa, never hesitated to express his temperance principles. One of his first actions, after entering one of the captured towns, was to take the chair at a temperance meeting.

Ten thousand St. Louis women invoked Divine assistance recently in their campaign against the Sunday saloon. The members of the Women's Christian Temperance union met daily from 11 a. m. to noon for prayer, while others prayed at their homes.

The Panther Creek Valley Ministerial association, of Pennsylvania, has succeeded in closing all saloons and business places in Lansford on Sunday, and compelling saloonkeepers of Summit Hill to sign papers agreeing to abide by the law. As a result of its work in Coaldale, remonstrances were filed against granting licenses to five new and five old applicants.

German Temperance Reform.

In one of the popular magazines the author deplores the fanaticism of a few medical men in this country who urge the danger of the use of alcohol and the disease of inebriety. He then cites Germany as a country where the subject does not attract attention among scientific men, and that the common people are not disturbed, but continue their usual libations utterly oblivious to any injurious effect. These and other statements seem to be unknown to the leading German organ of the brewers, who, in a recent number, called attention to the dangerous agitation against the use of spirits and beer, which has provoked the printing and circulation of 871 books on the temperance question, printed during the last 13 years It also describes 37 newspapers, magazines and annuals devoted to the temperance question, and all published in Germany. It is evident from this that somebody must be concerned in studying the dangers in the use of alcohol, and that this author has evidently not heard from the Fatherland very lately.—Journal of Inebriety.

On the Increase.

Temperance sentiment is on the increase the world over, but the most remarkable manifestation comes fom Gemany. The German socialists are actually considering the propriety of placing a temperance plank in their platform and are declaring themselves openly in favor of temperance as a reform measure.

Though life's labor leads us to turn many ways the compass of the soul turns ever to Christ.—Ram's Horn.

THE SUNDAY SCHOOL.

Lesson in the International Series for May 8, 1904—Watchfulness—Temperance Lesson.

THE LESSON TEXT.

(Luke 12:35-48.)

35. Let your loins be girded about, and your lights burning;

36. And ye yourselves like unto men that wait for their lord when he will return from the wedding; that when he cometh and knocketh, they may open unto him immediately.

37. Blessed are those servants, who the lord when he cometh shall find watching; verily I say unto you, that he shall gird himself, and make them to sit down to meat, and will come forth and serve them.

38. And if he shall come in the second watch, or come in the third watch, and find them so, blessed are those servants.

39. And this know, that if the good man of the house had known . . . what hour the thief would come, he would have watched, and not have suffered his house to be broken through.

40. Be ye therefore also; for the Son of Man cometh at an hour when ye think not.

41. Then Peter said unto Him: Lord, speakest Thou this parable unto us, or even to all?

42. And the Lord said: Who then is that faithful and wise steward, whom his lord shall make ruler over his household, to give them their portion of meat in due season?

43. Blessed is that servant, whom his lord when he cometh shall find so doing.

44. Of a truth I say unto you, that he will make him ruler over all that he hath.

45. But and if that servant say in his heart: My lord delayeth his coming; and shall begin to beat the men servants and maid servants, and to eat and drink, and to be drunken;

46. The lord of that servant will come in a day when he looketh not for him, and at an hour when he is not aware, and will cut him in sunder, and will appoint him his portion with the unbelievers.

47. And that servant, which knew his lord's will, and prepared not himself, neither did according to his will, shall be beaten with many stripes.

48. But he that know not, and did commit things worthy of stripes, shall be beaten with few stripes. For unto whomsoever much is given, of him shall be much required; and to whom men have committed much, of him they will ask the more.

GOLDEN TEXT.—Blessed are those servants, whom the lord when he cometh shall find watching.—Luke 12:37.

OUTLINE OF SCRIPTURE LESSON.

Woes Against the Pharisees...Luke 11:37-54
Warnings Against Pharisees...Luke 12:1-12
Parable of Rich Fool.....Luke 12:13-34
Exhortations to Watch.....12:35-48

TIME.—November or December of A. D. 29. About four months before the crucifixion.

PLACE.—Perœa.

NOTES AND COMMENTS.

"Let your loins be girded:" A Syrian even to-day is not "in commission," so to speak, without his girdle. The loose flowing robes make action of any kind awkward and difficult. "Your lamps burning:" The servants expected their Lord to return in the night. Without lamps they could not do their work, and that was the one thing in the world for them to do at that time. "Blessed are those servants, whom the Lord when He cometh shall find watching:" Not simply waiting, ready to do their duty, but doing it; and it was hard, too; let those who have done night watching testify. "He shall gird himself, . . . and serve them:" Because of His gratification over their faithfulness. What of the satisfaction God must feel in seeing such fine, alert faithfulness now? "The second watch:" The night was divided into four watches.

"If the master of the house had known:" But he did not know; he never does and never can. The only way is to be ready all the time.

"Lord, speakest thou this parable unto us:" There was no answer, but another question,—"Who then?" Answer for yourself. Notice that the wise stewart was faithful to his work; the reward for duty well done was more duty to do; more and higher work. The steward who was unfaithful because there was no one there to watch him made a great mistake. No one can sin with impunity whether he is watched or not. "Cut him asunder:" A very strong expression; sometimes taken literally, but better figuratively "cut him up," as we should say, with terrific scourging (so Adeney and Bruce).

"That servant, who knew . . . many stripes; but he that knew not . . . few stripes:" The ethical principle, seen before in these lessons, that men are judged, and rightly, according to their light. "Nothing can be duty, in the sense of morally binding upon us at any time, which we have not at that time the means of knowing. The idea of unknown duty, as present obligation, is an impossible one. The maxim that 'ignorance of the law excuses no one' is simply an expression of general expediency in the administration of human law. Still, it is not rigidly applied in any civilized society. Satisfactory proof of entire ignorance will mitigate or set aside the penalty. As a principle of morals the maxim is utterly false."—President Fairchild. God judges us according to our light. We are often to blame for not having found more light; but it is in that rather than in the act done as a result of our ignorance that the sin lies. The messenger boy who takes a valuable bundle to his own house instead of to the purchaser, because under the influence of liquor, is guilty in God's sight of what? Simply of putting himself knowingly into a condition in which he knew it was dangerous and therefore wicked to come. That was his sin; the rest was done as it were in his sleep. In the sight of the law, however, he is guilty both of drunkenness and theft.

Terse Sayings.

The conquest of truth makes a man a king.

Most people are caught by sin trying to take the bait without the hook.

Better a bare board with the blessing of God than His curse on a full one.

Sin is a straight line away from God, and not a circuitous route back to Him.

The most painful things about this world teach us the most precious things about another.

Though life's labor leads us to turn many ways the compass of the soul turns ever to Christ.—Ram's Horn.

Bowser Experiments

In Order to Carry Out a New Fad He Goes Back on a Boiled Dinner and Hears Spirit Voices, but Later Sees His Mistake.

[Copyright, 1904, by C. B. Lewis.]

"I HOPE you are real hungry this evening," said Mrs. Bowser, as Mr. Bowser came up from the office at his usual hour the other evening.

"Why?" he naturally queried.

"Because I have got what you like best—a boiled dinner. I went over and picked out the corned beef myself."

"That was kind of you, but no boiled dinner for me tonight. All I want is a cup of tea and a piece of toast."

"Anything the matter with you?"

"Not at all."

"I—thought you'd like this better than any dinner I could get," continued Mrs. Bowser, after they were seated at the table.

"The dinner is all right, my dear woman," he answered, with a wave of his hand, "but I am going to make a little change in my diet. Do you know, Mrs. Bowser, that we have been living almost like two hogs? That is, we have been stuffing and gorging and paying no attention to the ethereal part. We have become too grossly fat to appreciate a glorious sunset, a beautiful sky, the songs of birds, the spirit of music."

"And now you propose to become so grossly lean that people can hear your bones grind as you walk," she remarked.

"No, ma'am, I don't. I propose to eat enough to sustain life and enable me to do my work, but as for stuffing, it shall cease. I have had"—

"What?"

"Never mind. When you have gorged yourself to repletion come up to the sitting room and we will talk further. That's it—heap up your plate with the beef and potatoes and turnips, and don't forget the cabbage and carrots and parsnips!"

Mrs. Bowser made no reply, and after he had nibbled at his toast and sipped at his tea he shoved back and left the table.

Mrs. Bowser realized that there was a new fad in town, and she was busy thinking of how it should be handled. When she went up to the sitting room at last she found Mr. Bowser seated with his fingers locked together, his eyes fastened on the ceiling and what he no doubt thought was a "heavenly look" on his face. He did not seem aware of her presence, and after a moment or two she queried:

"Well, what is it?"

"S-s-s-h!" he whispered.

"What shall I s-s-s-h about? What ass has been putting a new fad into your head today?"

"Woman," he exclaimed as his eyes came off the ceiling and his heavenly look faded, "have you no soul—no appreciation of the hidden mysteries lying between life and death? Don't you know, don't you realize that it shocks me to have you come up here, full to the chin with cabbage and corned beef, and break in upon my thoughts?"

"Have you been talking with a spiritualist or some one of that sort today?" she firmly demanded.

"There—there was a gentleman in the office."

"I thought so. And he was ethereal, wasn't he? He could sit down with a chessy cat gvin on his face and talk with spirits? The more empty his stomach was the more spirits he could see? And you are idiot enough to go into the same business!"

"Don't talk that way to me—don't dare to do it!" he exclaimed. "Even as you came into the room, loaded up with fodder intended for an elephant instead of a woman, I was hearing the whispers of spirits. They fled at your approach."

"Well, I'll sit over on the lounge and hold the cat, and you can call 'em back. Give them my humble apologies for disturbing the meeting."

Mr. Bowser's dignity had suffered and it took him four or five minutes to get over it and resume his former attitude. The cat wanted to meow, but Mrs. Bowser choked her off, and for three long minutes silence reigned. Then a faint humming was heard in the air, and Mr. Bowser turned and whispered:

"Don't move a finger! Don't utter a word! A spirit is at hand and is going to say something."

The something was said a few seconds later, but it didn't seem to come from a spirit, and was not exactly spirit talk. It sounded more like the voice of a boodlum in the alley, and what he said was:

"Say, Joe, hain't this the shanty, where that cranky old Bowser lives?"

"Well, the spirit has spoken," observed Mrs. Bowser, as the cat jumped down and bristled up.

"It has, it has!" shouted Mr. Bowser as he got up to walk to and fro. "I was a fool to think I could summon any other kind of spirit into a room where sits a woman who has eaten five pounds of boiled dinner! By John, but I might as well have been in a butcher shop surrounded by the carcasses of freshly killed hogs!"

"If you'll try again, I'll leave the room entirely. If you really want spirits to talk with you, I don't want to do anything to hinder. That boiled dinner was awfully good, but if spirits don't like corned beef and cabbage I'm not going to push them forward. Now, take your time and see what there is in it."

Mrs. Bowser went into the parlor, but not to sit down and wait for "creeps" to come. On the contrary, she found a peephole between the portieres and watched Mr. Bowser, and the cat sought safety under the lounge. It was ten minutes before the ethereal spirit raiser could get the flavor of that corned beef out of his nostrils and settle down to business again, and he had to hang to that heavenly look a long quarter of an hour before the spirit would show up again. There were two this time. At first, judging by the beautiful smile on his face, Mrs. Bowser took them for the spirits of innocent twin babies who had died at an early age of the measles. She was wrong, however. The basement bell gave tongue, and as the cook opened the door a hoarse, harsh voice came floating up the basement stairs:

"Say, now, gal, can't ye hand a poor man out sunthin' decent to eat?"

And a second hoarse, harsh voice added:

"It's an old villain ye work for, and I'd like to smash his head for him!"

Mr. Bowser sprang up and went clattering down the basement stairs, and, bareheaded as he was, he chased the pair half a block. When he returned to the house it was to find Mrs. Bowser reading a book and the cat purring away with her eyes closed.

"Well, your attempts to commune with spirits haven't been very successful tonight," finally observed Mrs. Bowser.

"And why haven't they?" he indignantly demanded. "They haven't because spirits and barrels of pork don't go together. If you had kept out of it"—

"But I did."

"If that infernal old cat"—

"But the cat couldn't have had anything to do with it. I have always heard that spirits were attracted to cats. Give it up, Mr. Bowser, give it up."

"Never! Never in this world!" he replied as he banged his fist down on the mantel.

"You had better. You are too fat and stout and broad across the back to call up spirits, unless it is the spirit of some old pirate."

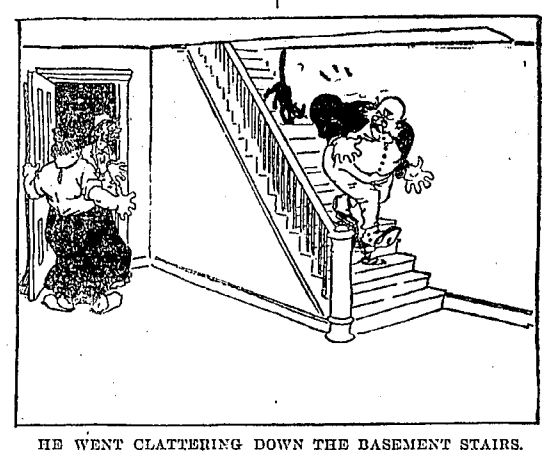
"What! What! You not only spoil my experiments for the evening, but make fun of and insult me! Woman, I warn you that you are pursuing a dangerous policy. Don't drive me to the dead line. I have set out to get rid of this grossness of body and spirit—to render myself more fit to appreciate the beautiful and the spirituelle, and I'll see it to the end or perish, no matter what you say."

"Well, I'll go upstairs now," she soothingly replied, "and you can come when you get ready. I have nothing more to say about it and I shall be glad to hear that your experiments are a success."

She went up to her room and sat down and read for half an hour. Then she tiptoed downstairs to find the sitting room vacant. She continued her journey down to the dining room and peeped in to find Mr. Bowser at the table. He had brought out that boiled dinner and was devouring it with a grand appetite and saying to himself between times:

"Durn my hide, but what an ass I was to let this thing slide to look for spirits!"

M. QUAD.



HE WENT CLATTERING DOWN THE BASEMENT STAIRS.

Buy Wall Paper of L. O. Hull, 830 Calhoun St. Ask for trading stamps.

ERREIP

Rescue Med. Co., 1216-20 Broadway.

ALLEN COUNTY COURTS

WEDNESDAY.

Daniel Long was granted a divorce from Hattie M. Long in the circuit court this morning after he testified that he visited her and one Mr. Swan, with whom she is living at Canton, Ohio, and had been told that she was perfectly satisfied with the life she was living and would not make any objection if he should apply for a divorce.

He came to Fort Wayne about two years ago with his wife and family and this morning he stated that she left him, taking their two youngest children. The others that she left behind soon joined the mother and he remained here long enough to gain a residence in order to be entitled to a divorce.

WIFE DESERTED HIM.

In a divorce complaint filed this morning by Attorney Phil B. Colerick, Orlan C. Brown alleges that he was married in February, 1881, to Hannah J. Brown, who frequently called him vile names during their married life and finally deserted him three years ago.

They have no children and he states in his complaint that he is a resident of the fourth ward of the city and has been for more than two years past.

GENERAL COURT NEWS.

Special Judge Carl Yaple granted a divorce yesterday to Elizabeth Catlin from Eugene Alfred Catlin. She was also given the title to some real estate held jointly and ordered to pay him $250.

Frank Kritzer was fined $20 and costs yesterday afternoon by Justice Skelton on the charge of selling liquor to a minor named Colvin.

Thomas Dwyer, charged with the theft of $75 from William Pugh, of Payne, Ohio, and who entered a plea of guilty in police court, said he was not guilty when he was arraigned in the circuit court this morning and his case was set for trial on Friday.

John Kennedy, who runs a saloon at Columbia and Harrison streets, was in Justice Skelton's court this morning on a charge of selling liquor to minors. His case will be heard Friday morning.

THURSDAY.

Cyrus W. Zimmer secured an injunction in the superior court this morning against Edward M. Wilson, James W. Sale, Mary R. Harper, trustees of the Indiana School for Feeble Minded Youth; Albert E. Carroll, superintendent of the institution, and Contractor Joseph Derheimer to prevent the laying of a water main along St. Joe boulevard on property that it is alleged belongs to Zimmer.

Deputy Sheriff Gladieux served the order of the court upon Derheimer and about forty of his men and the work of laying the mains by which the school is to have a connection with the city water service was stopped. The complaint is drawn by Ninde Bros. and alleges that the contractor was about to enter upon Zimmer's property to lay the mains without having obtained any permission from him or having obtained the right by reason of condemnation proceedings and that the placing of the water pipes will impair the value of his property.

It is possible that the work can be carried on beyond Zimmer's property and that an adjustment of the matter will be reached within a short time so that the mains can be put down and the work finished up.

MRS. TOWNSEND GETS DECREE.

Lucy A. Townsend, wife of William S. Townsend, who conducts a general store at Zulu, was granted a divorce in the circuit court this afternoon on a complaint which had been filed but a few minutes. She states that they were married in 1890 and that at frequent intervals the rhusband has treated her cruelly by accusing her of infidelity, on three occasions had pushed her violently and had called her bad names. The husband was represented by Judge Dreibelbiss, who stated that his client wanted a divorce. Leonard & Leonard were Mrs. Townsend's attorneys.

DOOLITTLE ACQUITTED.

A jury in the circuit court returned a sealed verdict last night of not guilty in the case against Willis Doolittle, charged with enticing a girl to Toledo for immoral purposes. Twelve hours were consumed in arriving at a conclusion.

WANTS $2,100 DAMAGES.

Benjamin Aleger has brought suit in the circuit court to recover $2,100 from the Grand Rapids and Indiana Railway company and the Pennsylvania company on account of injuries sustained at Wallen two years ago, when a freight train collided with an excursion train returning from Rome City.

GENERAL COURT NEWS.

John Merkler was taken to the hospital for insane at Richmond yesterday by Deputy Sheriff Daseler.

Andrew Lauer, 15 years old, was before Justice Skelton this afternoon on an affidavit charging him with provoke. He was placed in charge of the probaion officer.

FRIDAY.

The case of Bert Cutshall, of Wallen, who was convicted several weeks ago on the charge of criminally assaulting Leatha Ludwig, began in the circuit court this morning and will in all probability consume two or three days.

A new trial was granted by Judge O'Rourke on the showing that new evidence had been discovered that could not be obtained on the first hearing of the case.

WANTS DECREE MODIFIED.

Mary A. Rapp has asked that a decree of divorce granted her from Charles W. Yerk last August be so modified as to show that James Yerk is not an issue of her former marriage, but is an adopted child. In the original decree she was given the custody of the boy upon the statement that she was his mother. The modification was asked in order to correct the record. Mrs. Rapp is now the wife of William Rapp.

GENERAL COURT NEWS.

In a complaint filed yesterday afternoon Abbie Wilson asks $3,000 damages from Albert and Herman Rolf, plumbers, alleging failure to properly plug a gas pipe after the removal of a stove from her bedroom. She states that she was rendered unconscious by escaping gas and owing to the fact that she was in a delicate condition at the time, her health was permanently impaired. P. B. and Guy Colerick are her attorneys.

Harry Hobbs, accused of stealing brass from the Pennsylvania company, entered a plea of guilty in the circuit court yesterday afternoon and was sentenced to the reformatory at Jeffersonville for from one to fourteen years.

John Kennedy was fined $20 and costs in Justice Skelton's court this afternoon on the charge of selling liquor to minors.

Olds & Doughman have filed suit against Morris Goldberg to recover $200 attorneys fees.

George Bell was granted a divorce from Emma Bell in the superior court this afternoon on the ground of desertion.

SATURDAY.

Prosecutor Dawson has been busy for two days with the trial of the Bert Cutshall case and stated this morning he had not had time to read the decision of the supreme court in which it is held that an alley saloon cannot be operated under the Nicholson law even though the alley upon which it is located may be designated as a street and was therefore not in position to state whether or not it would have any local application.

There are several saloons in the city which have no street frontage as the term is construed by the supreme court, but whether or not any proceedings will be filed against the proprietors has not been considered by any of the authorities.

MOTION TO DISSOLVE.

Breen & Morris, representing the trustees of the Indiana School for Feeble Minded Youth, and William C. Geake, deputy attorney-general, representing the state, made a motion in the superior court this afternoon to dissolve the injunction obtained Thursday by Cyrus W. Zimmer against the trustees to prevent them from laying water mains in front of his property on St. Joe boulevard.

The affidavit of Ed M. Wilson, which accompanied the motion, stated that the granting of the injunction is subjecting the institution to the danger of fire as the mains are primarily intended for fire protection. Judge Heaton spent most of the afternoon hearing the evidence of Superintendent Carroll and Mr. Wilson.

GENERAL COURT NEWS.

Michael Fritz, whose will was probated yesterday, left all of his property to his widow, Barbara Fritz. William Schoonover left his property to his widow and his son, James Schoonover, during the life of the former and to the son at her death with the exception that his four sons are to receive $5 each upon the death of the widow.

The Bert Cutshall case was on trial up to noon today and an adjournment was taken until Monday morning.

Martha E. Alberts was granted a divorce from Herman J. Alberts in the circuit court this afternoon on the ground of desertion. She was also given $500 alimony.

MONDAY.

An affidavit was filed this morning in Justice Skelton's court against George Kelley, a saloon keeper at Harrison and Superior streets, in which he is charged with selling liquor to minors.

An affidavit for a change of venue was filed and it was taken to Justice Strass' court. Cody Colvin, fifteen years old, and a son of the man who filed the affidavit, got drunk a week ago Saturday night and since that time John Kennedy and a man named Kritzer have both been fined $20 and costs for selling the lad intoxicants.

The father has announced his determination to prosecute every saloon keeper who sold the boy liquor and says that as soon as this case is disposed of a number of others will follow.

GENERAL COURT NEWS.

Julia Reihl filed a complaint in the circuit court this afternoon asking a divorce from William Riehl and the custody of their five children She charges drunkenness and cruelty and secured a restraining order to prevent him from disposing of his property.

Judge Heaton dissolved the injunction obtained by Cyrus Zimmer against the trustees of the Indiana School for Feeble Minded Youth to prevent them from laying water pipes to connect the institution with the city waterworks. The arguments were heard Saturday afternoon.

The case against William Niezer for ejecting Henry Colerick from the voting place in the Third ward Saturday, will be heard Saturday.

TUESDAY.

Joseph Berghoff was appointed receiver this morning for the Indiana Hat and Cap company, after the Citizens' Trust company had filed a suit to collect the money on a check for $300 given by the company February 9 of this year and which has never been paid for the reason that there has not been sufficient funds in bank to meet the payment.

The company is located in the Saengerbund building and has been in existence something more than a year. Ora Seaney is president, Benjamin Neuhoff vice president, Percy Bedson secretary, and Harry A. Eberline treasurer. For several months the company has been in financial straits and the action of this morning had been anticipated for several weeks.

STAYED PROCEEDINGS.

An order was received this morning from Judge Black, of the supreme court of Indiana, instructing County Clerk Johnston to stay all local proceedings in the case of Charles W. Holderman against Barbara Holderman's estate, which was tried here on a change of venue from Wabash county. The Union Central Life Insurance company was made a party to the suit and paid into court $1,500, the amount due under a policy which was in controversy. Yesterday application was made by Holderman for an order directing the clerk to pay him the money.

GENERAL COURT NEWS.

Kathryn Rhodes today applied to the circuit court for a divorce from George Rhodes. She states they were married in 1894 and lived together until January 1, 1900, when he deserted her and has since failed to support her. Aiken & Belot are her attorneys.

Thomas Dwyer, a former cook at the Columbia street mission, was placed on trial this afternoon in the circuit court on the charge of embezzling about $75 left in his care by William N. Pugh, a guest at the mission.

The county treasurer's office was closed today and will not be opened until Thursday, morning to give the bookkeepers a chance to balance the books. The receipts for the last day had not been computed this afternoon.

BROWN ELECTED TRUSTEE.

(Auburn Dispatch.)

The creditors of the Model Gas Engine company met Monday for the purpose of selecting a trustee under the proceedings in bankruptcy. The first two ballots taken resulted in A. G. Jones, of Butler, receiving votes of thirteen with claims aggregating between $71,000 and $72,000, while H. J. Miller, of Fort Wayne, received the votes of forty-eight with claims aggregating between $59,000 and $60,000. After this ballot a set-off of $3,200 was made against the claim of the Farmers' bank. On the next ballot those voting for Miller switched to C. M. Brown, of this city, and Mr. Brown also received the vote of the claims represented by John W. Baxter, aggregating $5,100, which had on the first two ballots been cast for Mr. Jones. This gave Mr. Brown a majority of $2,500 on claims and thirty-seven in number of creditors. The appointment was not made today by the referee, but taken under advisement until Friday, when another meeting of the creditors will be held in Fort Wayne.

Pinesalve contains all the antiseptic and healing properties of the pine. There is no sore, boil or abrasion of the skin that Pinesalve will not cure. For burns and cuts and as a family salve Pinesalve is the best salve in the world. Sold by Meyer Bros. Co., A. C. Gocke.

MARRIAGE LICENSES.

John H. Geiger and Jennie Carpenter.

Claude Allen Ladig and Katie Hermann.

George W. Schlemmer and Iva P. Shaffer.

William H. Fitch and Elizabeth Kruse.

George W. Tilberry and Emma A. Wass.

Peter Oddou and Adeline M. Dick.

Patrick E. Cox and Matilda Scheumann.

Willo J. Ungemach and Hortense V. Root.

The Best Pill Sold
For Young or Old
Dade's Little Liver Pills.
Sold by Meyer Bros. Co., A. C. Gocke.

INJURY MAY PROVE SERIOUS.

Mrs. Louis Griebel, one of the pioneer residents of the county, is in a serious condition as the result of a fall in which she fractured one of the bones of her hip. Mr. and Mrs. Griebel celebrated their sixtieth wedding anniversary during the winter.

Buy Wall Paper of L. O. Hull, 830 Calhoun St. Ask for trading stamps.

MICHAEL GUTCHER PASSES FROM EARTH

Famous Head of Larwill Sanitarium Dies After a Brief Illness.

Dr. Michael Gutcher, proprietor of the East Elkhart sanitarium near Larwill, died Sunday morning after an illness of about two weeks. His death was due to congestion of the lungs, together with a general breaking down of his system, largely due, it is thought, to worry over his recent trouble with the federal authorities.

Dr. Gutcher was one of the most widely known characters in northern Indiana. Born in Germany seventy-two years ago, he came to America in his early manhood and for the past forty years has been a resident of Whitley and Kosciusko counties. For a number of years he peddled general merchandise about the country in a wagon, and claiming to have discovered a method of healing disease by the use of various barks and herbs, he began his career as an itinerant doctor, traveling about and administering his treatment to people in their homes.

His practice grew rapidly and in about ten years he established a sanitarium east of Larwill. He had a large following of patients and the institution was nearly always filled. He apparently met with success in many of his cases and his patients included a number of well known people living in this city.

Two years ago his wife died and shortly afterwards he married a Mrs. Nicholson, living in this city. His second marriage was strongly opposed by his daughters, who sought to have a guardian appointed, and feeling that his estate was the cause of the trouble, he gave each of his daughters $10,000, with the request that they let him alone. He was a man of scant education, but of strong force of character and acute business judgment. His sanitarium has been a phenomenal success from the start and brought him a large fortune.

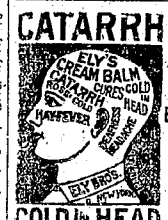
Dr. Gutcher ridiculed the theories of regular practitioners and his contempt for them embroiled him in many controversies. During the past winter he got into trouble with the Whitley county health officers because of his refusal to obey quarantine regulations when it was claimed that smallpox had broken out in his establishment. About two weeks ago he was arreseted by the federal authorities on a charge which grew out of correspondence in connection with one of his controversies with physicians, and it is thought that worry over this matter affected his health, already enfeebled by age.

Dr. Gutcher is survived by his second wife, who lives at the corner of Harrison and Lewis streets, this city, and three daughters by his first wife—Mrs. Thomas Cunningham and Mrs. I. O. Lemon, who reside near Larwill, and Miss Nora Gutcher, who is at present on a visit in California, but who has always lived with her father.

SHAKE INTO YOUR SHOES

Allen's Foot-ease, a powder. It cures painful, smarting, nervous feet and ingrowing nails, and instantly takes the sting out of corns and bunions. It's the greatest comfort discovery of the age. Allen's Foot-ease makes tight or new shoes feel easy. It is a certain cure for sweating, callous and hot, tired, aching feet. Try it today. Sold by all druggists and shoe stores. By mail for 25c in stamps. Trial package FREE. Address, Allen S. Olmsted, Le Roy, N. Y.

CATARRH



COLD IN HEAD

THE CLEANSING AND HEALING CURE FOR CATARRH is Ely's Cream Balm

Easy and pleasant to use. Contains no injurious drug. It is quickly absorbed. Gives Relief at once It Opens and Cleanses the Nasal Passages. Allays Inflammation. Heals and protects the Membrane. Restores the Senses of Taste and Smell. Large Size, 50 cents, at Druggists or by mail; Trial Size, 10 cents, by mail. ELY BROTHERS, 56 Warren St., New York.

GEO. ORTLIEB BADLY HURT.

George Ortlieb, of 337 West Lewis street, formerly deputy auditor, was badly hurt in a runaway on Cass street Sunday afternoon, and it was feared for a time his injuries would prove fatal. With his uncle, James Hill, of Detroit, he went for a drive with Ben Saunders, and as the party was driving along Cass street, a piece of paper was blown across the street, scaring the team. The horses broke from control, and realizing the danger, Mr. Ortlieb, and Mr. Saunders jumped. The latter alighted on his feet, but Mr. Ortlieb fell backwards, striking his head on the pavement. He was unconscious when picked up, and was carried into the home of Reuben Browand, where Drs. B. V. Sweringen and Stults attended him. Mr. Ortlieb's injuries consist of a severe concussion of the brain and a painful straining of the muscles of the right leg. Mr. Hill, who remained in the rig, succeeded in regaining control of the horses a few blocks further on. Mr. Ortlieb's condition shows considerable improvement today.

Ring's Dyspepsia Tablets give immediate relief and permanently cure dyspepsia, indigestion and all stomach and bowel troubles. Sold by Meeyr Bros. Co., A. C. Gocke.

Buy Wall Paper of L. O. Hull, 830 Calhoun St. Ask for trading stamps.

DIED AT ST. JOE HOSPITAL.

Mrs. Victoria J. Wilson, wife of Dr. R. S. Wilson, of Berne, Ind., died Saturday at St. Joseph hospital from heart failure following an operation for gall stones about ten days ago. She seemed to be improving and on Saturday morning Dr. Wilson left the room for a few minutes, and on his return found his wife dead. She leaves her husband and one daughter, nineteen years old. The remains were shipped to Berne Saturday evening. Dr. Wilson is a graduate of the Fort Wayne Medical college and is well known here.

Buy Wall Paper of L. O. Hull, 830 Calhoun St. Ask for trading stamps.

St. Louis Fair

Opened Saturday at Noon

About 150,000 people witnessed the beautiful scenes. Thousands of well dressed men were wearing, Hart, Schaffner & Marx Hand-Tailored Suits--The kind we sell. Perhaps you are going to the fair this spring. Perhaps you will need a new suit. Perhaps you are a stranger in the city and do not know that we are selling Hand-Tailored Suits that look just like our illustrations. Perhaps if you are a stranger in the city you do not know that after you have worn one of our Hand Tailored Suits for two or three months it will still look as well as the suits illustrated. OUR CLOTHING KEEPS ITS SHAPE.

Hand-Tailored Suits, $15 to $25

REUBEN S. PATTERSON

P. S.---Our Hand-Tailored Suits have become popular in Fort Wayne because they become men.

Honest Endeavors

to satisfy the needs and requirements of our patrons is our first consideration.

That is why our Bank is so popular and enjoys the good will and confidence of depositors.

THE FIRST NATIONAL BANK

conducts its business on safe and conservative lines. Deals of a speculative nature are eliminated from our order of business

We do a General Banking business and respectfully solicit your account. You will be interested with our methods.

DEATH RESULTED FROM HORSE'S KICK

Adam Cummings Dead at Poe as Result of Injuries Received Sunday.

Adam Cummings, a laborer in the employ of Mr. Dodane, near Poe, in Marion township, is dead as the result of a kick in the stomach by a horse Sunday morning. The man lived but a few hours after receiving the injury.

Cummings, who was 65 years old, had the care of the horses on Mr. Dodane's farm, and shortly after breakfast he left the house to do his work. Having occasion to visit the barn a short time afterwards Mrs. Dodane found Cummings crouched against the wall and in response to her inquiry as to what had happened he replied that he had been hurt.

Cummings was assisted to the house and subsequent questioning revealed that he had been kicked in the stomach by a vicious horse against which he had been warned by Mr. Dodane. Medical aid was sent for, but nothing could be done for the unfortunate man, and he died a few hours later.

Cummings came to Fort Wayne from Ohio several years ago and worked here for some time before accepting employment with Mr. Dodane. The latter came to Fort Wayne yesterday to notify relatives of the dead man. The remains will be held pending word from them.

CONSUMPTION

NEW HOME CURE—Dr. Charles Zimmerman, the world's greatest lung specialist, has discovered a positive home cure for consumption. He has succeeded in perfecting a home treatment which without a failure cured every consumptive in the vicinity of Fort Wayne and within the scope of his wide practice. It positively cures every case when the system has sufficient vitality to build. Being urged by cured patients he now sends his home treatment all over the United States and Europe. He has cured hundreds of desperate cases pronounced fatal by noted physicians, and has the unequalled record of saving more lives. Don't wait any longer in hopes your family doctor can cure you. Don't be foolish and die, be wise and live, by writing today for convincing testimonials and all necessary information free. Address,

DR. CHARLES ZIMMERMAN & CO.,
wk-tf Fort Wayne, Indiana.

Deposit your money in the Citizens' Trust Co., opp. postoffice. $400,000 security for depositors.

12-2-w-tf

Buy Wall Paper of L. O. Hull, 830 Calhoun St. Ask for trading stamps.

Saving Money!

No one knows how easy it is to save money at a Savings Bank until they try it.

We have an army of grown people and children who commenced in a small way and are adding well.

Don't You Want to Join Them?

ONE DOLLAR STARTS YOU.

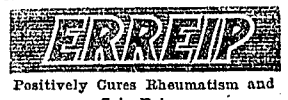
CITIZENS' TRUST CO.,
Corner Clinton and Berry.

UNDERTAKERS.

KLAEHN & MELCHING

UNDERTAKERS and EMBALMERS,

No. 205 West Main Street.
Bath Phones 228. Fort Wayne, Ind.



Positively Cures Rheumatism and Grip Pains

RUSSIANS ROUTED IN GREAT BATTLES

Japanese Victorious in Big Engagements on the Banks of the Yalu.

RUSSIANS ARE IN RETREAT

Storm Fortifications and in Fierce Charges Drive Back Muscovites.

Tokio, May 2.—7 a. m.—After five days of fighting, largely with artillery, the first Japanese army, under General Kuroki, has forced a crossing of the Yalu river, and Sunday morning, with a gallant infantry charge covering a frontage of four miles, it drove the Russians from Chiu-Tien-Cheng and the heights on the right bank of the Iho, or Aida, river, which enters the Yalu from the north almost opposite Yiju.

The Japanese turned the left flank of the Russian position and in the battle of Sunday they swept away the new front interposed by the Russians to check their onward movement.

The present position of the Japanese is a dominating one and they may force the abandonment of the defenses erected by the Russians at Antung and other points lower down the river.

KILLED AND WOUNDED 1,500.

A supplemental report just received from General Kuroki covering Sunday's fighting, says: "The Russians made two stands. The enemy's strength included all the Third division, two regiments of the Sixth division, one cavalry brigade, about forty quick-firing guns and eight machine guns. We have taken twenty-eight quick-firing guns, many rifles, much ammunition, more than twenty officers and many noncommissioned officers and men as prisoners. I am informed that Lieutenant General Sassulitch, commander of the second Siberian army corps, and Major Kashtalinsky were wounded. Our casualties number about 700 and the Russians' loss is more than 800 men."

BEGIN BATTLE SUNDAY.

A bridge across the main stream of the Yalu river above Wiju was completed at 8 o'clock Saturday night and the Second Japanese division and the imperial guards immediately began crossing. They advanced and occupied the hills back of Kosan, facing the Russian position on the right bank of the river. All through Saturday night regiment after regiment of Japanese soldiers poured across the bridge and at a late hour Saturday night General Kuroki telegraphed to the general staff of the army: "I will attack the enemy on May 1 at dawn."

True to his promise, General Kuroki at daylight centered all his artillery on the Russian position between Chiu-Tien-Cheng and Yoshoko. To this fire the Russians made reply with all their batteries.

At 7 o'clock in the morning the Russian battery at Yokosho was silenced and half an hour later General Kuroki ordered his line, stretching for four miles, to attack. The Japanese infantry on the word of command charged across the Iho, wading that stream breast deep, and began storming the heights at fifteen minutes past 8.

At 9 o'clock they had swept the Russian line back across the plateau.

The reports of this fighting, which have been received here, do not indicate whether the Russians retired down the river or in the direction of Feng-Huan-Cheng, on the road to Liao-Yang.

DRIVE RUSSIANS FROM ISLAND.

General Kuroki began the movement Tuesday by ordering a detachment of the imperial guards division to seize the island of Kurito, which is in the Yalu above Wiju, and a detachment of the Second division to seize the island of Kinteito, which is situated below Wiju.

The detachment of the imperial guards met with some resistance, but it succeeded in clearing the enemy out and occupied Kurito island. The Russians abandoned the island of Kinteito when attacked by the detachment of the Second division.

The actual losses sustained by the detachment of the imperial guards is not known, as there is an error in that part of the message received here referring to the number killed, but nine of the detachment were severely and sixteen slightly wounded. The detachment of the Second division which took the island of Kinteito sustained no losses.

OPEN FIRE WITH BIG GUNS.

During these movements on the islands the Russians opened fire on the Japanese with eight 9½-centimeter guns from a hill behind Chiu-Tien-Ching and two Hotchkiss guns which were mounted on the bank of the river at Kosan, where the Russians seemed to have established their headquarters. The battery of Japanese artillery which had taken a position on a hill to the east of Wi-Ju fired three volleys at Kosan and at noon of Tuesday the Russian batteries behind Chiu-Tien-Cheng shelled Wi-Ju, wounding one Japanese soldier with shrapnel.

On Wednesday the Russians resumed the bombardment of Wi-Ju, firing at intervals throughout the day. The Japanese artillery did not respond to this fire.

General Kuroki had received reports to the effect that the Russians were fortifying the heights on the right bank of the Tho river. These new defenses were declared to extend from Chiu-Tien-Cheng through the village of Makao to Koshoki, a distance of three and a quarter miles.

SHELL PARTY.

The Russians resumed their bombardment on Thursday, but it was generally ineffective. Subsequently General Kuroki ordered two companies of the imperial guards to cross the Yalu and make a reconnoisance along the left bank of the Tho for the purpose of discovering the character of the Russian fortifications along the heights on the right bank of the river. The Japanese force advanced toward Kosan and then dispatched a small detachment to the village, where a party of Russians were encountered. In the engagement which followed five Russians were killed. The Russians shelled the reconnoitering party from an emplacement in the hills in the southeast part of Yoshoko. This fire was without effect.

The Russian artillery on the hill behind Chiu-Tien-Cheng, firing at a high angle, opened on Wi-Ju, the island of Kurito and Seikodo, to the south of Wi-Ju, where some Japanese batteries had taken position. This firing continued into Thursday night and General Kuroki reports that, while it was ineffective, it disturbed his preparations for an attack. The Russians resumed the shelling of Wi-Ju Friday, but the Japanese guns did not reply.

WHOLE ARMY CROSSES RIVER.

The twelfth division of the Japanese army was chosen to make the first crossing of the Yalu. It began its preparations Friday by driving the Russians from their position on the bank of the river opposite Suikochin, which is eight miles above Wi-Ju, and the point selected for the crossing. This division constructed a pontoon bridge over the river and at 3 o'clock Saturday morning it began crossing. The entire division passed over the river during the day and by 6 o'clock Saturday evening it was in the position assigned to it for the battle of Sunday.

The movement of the twelfth Japanese division was covered by the Second regiment of field artillery and another artillery regiment of heavy guns.

SILENCE THE BATTERIES.

At 10:40 o'clock Saturday morning the Russian artillery posted to the north and to the east of Chiu-Tien-Cheng began shelling the patrols of Japanese infantry which had been dispatched from Kintieto island to Chukodai, another island north of Kintieto and under Chiu-Tien-Cheng. The Japanese batteries replied to this shelling and silenced the Russian fire.

Later eight Russian guns posted on a hill to the east of the village of Makao opened upon the imperial guards. To this shelling the Japanese artillery to the east of Wi-Ju responded and the Russians ceased firing.

Then both the Chiu-Tien-Cheng and the Makao batteries reopened and this fire brought a vigorous response from the chain of Japanese batteries on the Korean side of the river. The Russian guns fired for two hours before they were silenced. In his report General Kuroki expresses the belief that his shelling was very effective against the Russians.

The Japanese losses in the bombardments of Saturday were two men killed and five officers and twenty-two men wounded. A flotilla of gunboats from the squadron of Admiral Hosoya participated in fighting of Saturday. It encountered a mixed force of Russian infantry, cavalry and artillery on the Manchurian bank of the Yalu below An-Tung, and after a sharp fight scattered them to the hills.

RUSSIANS IN RETREAT.

St. Petersburg, May 2.—The general staff account of the operations on the Yalu river transmitted Sunday, May 1, is as follows:

"At 4 o'clock this morning Japanese field batteries with forty-seven guns opened a terrific fire on our position at Turenchen and on our troops posted near Potietinsky.

"The overwhelming superiority of the Japanese in artillery and the heavy losses their fire inflicted on our troops occupying these positions made it clear to General Sassulitch that it was impossible to hold Turenchen. Consequently the troops were ordered to retire from Turenchen, while still holding the Potietinsky road.

"When General Sassulitch dispatched his telegram the Russian troops were retiring in good order from Turenchen and Schakhedzy to their second position and the battle was continuing at Potietinsky and Tchin-Gu."

PISO'S CURE FOR
CURES WHERE ALL ELSE FAILS.
Best Cough Syrup. Tastes Good. Use in time. Sold by druggists.
CONSUMPTION

BOTH SIDES NOW CLAIM SUCCESS

(Continued From Page Two.)

be one of the national delegates from the Twelfth district.

VOTE NOT LARGE.

Votes from all of the townships and from Fort Wayne show that there was an unusually small turnout at polls. In some of the wards of the city there were lively contests at the polls and in the Fifth ward Mr. Colerick was ejected from the voting place by a man named Niezer against whom an affidavit was filed in Justice Tancey's court.

The delegates selected are as follows:

—First Ward.—

For Colerick—D. C. Stout, 153; William Kaough, 149; Fred Schopman, 150.

For Melching—C. M. Gillette, 61; M. H. Ankenbruck, 59; F. Muehlenbruck, 58.

—Second Ward.—

For Melching—F. J. Mannix, 200; S. R. Miner, 200; Benno Ungemach, 200.

For Colerick—W. J. Hosey, 77; John Swaidner, 77; L. J. Leist, 77.

—Third Ward.—

For Colerick—J. J. Hays, 248; Peter Owens, 250; George Gaffney, 152.

For Melching—T. J. O'Connell, 171; Christ. Beuke, 50; J. V. Fox, 45.

Independent—W. C. Niezer, 149; J. J. Lynch, 142; J. J. O'Ryan, 145.

—Fourth Ward.—

For Colerick—Fred Link, 103; John Wilkinson, 107.

For Melching—Chris. Hahn, 101; Michael Hogan, 186; A. C. Hobrock, 94; Ed Owens, 99; C. Mommer, 96.

—Fifth Ward.—

For Melching—Fred Breimeier, 171; William Becquette, 171; George Snyder, 171.

—Sixth Ward.—

For Colerick—S. McMahon, 105; H. C. Schwartz, 108; William Kinnerk, 105.

For Melching—John Dalman, 57; L. A. Randall, 58; Fred Freese, 58.

—Seventh Ward.—

For Colerick—T. J. McLaughlin, 178; Julian Franke, 181; William Eggemann, 96.

For Melching—Frank Conners, 129; Philip Keintz, 47; J. Lindig, 46.

—Eighth Ward.—

For Colerick—George Hermann, 140; Dr. M. Harrod, 139; Manford Edsall, 117; Henry Luhman, 2; P. Braun, 1.

For Melching—Henry Guenther, 77; T. J. White, 70; Philip Minnich, 63.

—Ninth Ward.—

For Melching—John J. Link, 212; Mat Monper, 212.

For Colerick—F. C. Boltz, 112; Theodore Dodane, 112.

—Tenth Ward.—

For Colerick—L. V. Ulrey, 189; Philip Wyss, 189; Charles Lentz, 189.

For Melching—Wm. E. Gerding, 85; Frank Bohde, 85; Henry Felger, 85.

—Adams Township—.

For Melching—Christian Schlaudroff, Charles Doehrmann

For Colerick—H. H. Schnelker, New Haven.

—Pleasant Township.—

For Melching—Henry C. Springer.

—Maumee Township.—

For Colerick—William Garnhart.

—Scipio Township.—

For Colerick—Harley Eager.

—Cedar Creek Township.—

For Melching—M. S. McComb.

—Jackson Township.—

For Colerick—Daniel Odem.

—St. Joseph Township.—

For Melching—C. C. Vonderau.

—Monroe Township.—

For Colerick—Philip Schlemmer and Harry Vizzard.

—Jefferson Township.—

For Colerick—Celestine Gladieux.

—Perry Township.—

For Melching—J. Wyatt.

—Springfield Township.—

For Colerick—James Henderson.

—Washington Township.—

For Colerick—C. F. Centlivre and William Ringwalt.

—Wayne Township.—

For Colerick—James Graham and John Miller.

—Eel River Township.—

For Colerick—E. Hire.

—Lafayette Township.—

For Colerick—Joseph Dennis.

—Madison Township.—

For Melching—Ed B. Boyle.

—Lake Township.—

For Melching—Henry C. Rockhill.

—Marion Township.—

For Melching—William Schroeder.

MAY DAY STRIKES IN MANY SECTIONS

(Continued From Page Two.)

master builders declined to renew an agreement regarding hours and wages which was in force since last year. The strike forced out about 200 masons and bricklayers, completely tieing up all building work in the city.

TWO THOUSAND IDLE.

Philadelphia, May 2.—About 2,000 workmen employed in the building trades were rendered idle today as the result of a strike ordered by the local unions. The branches affected are the elevator constructors, cement finishers, stonecutters, tile layers and helpers, metallic lathers and granite cutters. All of the strikes were caused by the refusal of employers to grant certain increases in wages. The differences in most cases will probably be adjusted by tomorrow.

MUST WORK ON SUN TIME.

Jackson, Mich., May 2.—The labor unions comprising the building trades council of this city decreed that the contractors must return to sun time or have a strike. The builders' exchange persisted in using standard time and today about 300 men of different trades refused to work.

OVER 6,000 IDLE.

Chicago, May 2.—Three strikes and one lockout became effective here today and in consequence 6,200 wage earners are idle. Picture frame makers employed in six factories to the number of 1,700 struck and 400 boot and shoe makers, employes of ten manufacturers were locked out. One hundred teamsters of the Union Lime company, and the Artesian Lime company refused to work because denied an advance of 50 cents a week. Nine baking concerns were tied up by a strike of 400 men, the firms refusing to grant "closed shop." Still another strike is in prospect, members of the machinists' union, employed in 500 shops throughout the city, having voted to demand an increase of 2 to 5 cents an hour.

INDIANAPOLIS PLUMBERS OUT.

Indianapolis, May 2.—Plumbers of Indianapolis, over one hundred in number, struck today for an increase of 50 cents a day and one apprentice to the shop. Owners of shops are personally at work on several unfinished jobs.

WANT UNION CONTRACTS.

Holyoke, Mass., May 2.—Three hundred carpenters went on strike today in an effort to compel the master carpenters to sign union contracts for an increase in wages.

WHEN THE SAP RISES

Weak lungs should be careful. Coughs and colds are dangerous then. One Minute Cough Cure cures coughs and colds and gives strength to the lungs. Mrs. G. E. Fenner, of Marion, Ind., says, "I suffered with a cough until I ran down in weight from 148 to 92 pounds. I tried a number of remedies to no avail until I used One Minute Cough Cure. Four bottles of this wonderful remedy cured me entirely of the cough, strengthened my lungs and restored me to my normal weight, health and strength." Sold by Meyer Bros. Co.

NEW TRUANT OFFICER.

Wesley I. Work, of 314 East Washington street, was today elected county truant officer by the township trustees. Only two ballots were taken and he received eleven votes, William F. Kinnerk four and August Grotrian, former incumbent, five.

The health and fragrance and strength of the great pine forests are condensed in Pineules—a new discovery put up in a new way. A cure for Bright's disease, calculus, rheumatism, lumbago and every form of urinary disturbance. Sold by Meyer Bros. Bros. Co., A. C. Gocke.

DAMAGE OF $500.

Part of one of the abutments of the bridge over Six Mile creek, at the corporation line of New Haven, was washed out Monday, inflicting a damage estimated at $500. The roadway of the bridge did not go down, but traffic has been stopped until repairs can be made.

You cannot cure piles by external applications. ManZan is put up in a collapsible tube, with nozzle, and is applied where most needed. ManZan stops the pain, soothes, cools and cures. Sold by Meyer Bros. Co., A. C. Gocke.

MARRIAGE LICENSES.

Alexander F. Stock and Anna C. Zeller.

Orville Miller and Lucinda Rose.

Deposit your money in the Citizens' Trust Co., opp. postoffice. $400,000 security for depositors.

12-2-w-tf

No Dessert More Attractive

Why use gelatine and spend hours soaking, sweetening, flavoring and coloring when

Jell-O

produces better results in two minutes? Everything in the package. Simply add hot water and set to cool. It's perfection. A surprise to the housewife. No trouble, less expense. Try it to-day. In Four Fruit Flavors: Lemon, Orange, Strawberry, Raspberry. At grocers, 10c.

WORK OF FIREMEN SAVED MANY LIVES

One Person Asphyxiated and a Number of Persons Injured in Chicago Fire.

Chicago, May 2.—One person has been asphyxiated and many other occupants of a three-story building on Halstead street have been injured and narrowly escaped death in a fire which swept through the place and cut off escape by the stairways both in the front and rear. Only the prompt work of the firemen saved the lives of the other tenants, who were asleep when the fire started. In the work of rescue two firemen and one policeman were injured.

The dead:

Joseph Webb, suffocated by smoke.

Injured:

Mrs. H. Webb, overcome by smoke, condition serious.

Policeman John Burke, severely burned while helping to rescue the imprisoned tenants.

Fire Captain McGraw, struck by falling wall and severely cut and bruised.

Pipeman Ryan, face and hands burned.

William Wolfe, severely burned while endeavoring to rescue his wife and children from burning building.

The fire, which did a damage of only a few thousand dollars, spread so rapidly that the occupants of the place were hemmed in by the flames before they could be awakened and told of their danger.

A CURE FOR PILES.

"I had a bad case of piles," says G. F. Carter, of Atlanta, Ga., "and consulted a physician who advised me to try a box of De Witt's Witch Hazel Salve. I purchased a box and was entirely cured. It is splendid for piles, giving relief instantly, and I heartily recommend it to all sufferers." DeWitt's Witch Hazel Salve is unequalled for its healing qualities. Eczema and other skin diseases, also sores, cuts, burns and wounds of every kind are quickly cured by it. Sold by Meyer Bros. Co.

SAYS HER HUSBAND TRIED TO KILL HER

Decatur Woman Makes Sensational Charges in Divorce Suit.

Decatur, Ind., May 2.—A sensational divorce case was filed in court here late Saturday afternoon by Emma Gage against her husband, Laban H. Gage. The complaint recites that the couple were married June 5, 1899 and lived together until July 3, 1902. The defendant is charged with having treated his wife in a cruel and inhuman manner, struck and cursed her, but the serious charge is as follows: On a day in June, 1902, Gage and his wife and baby went to Berne, and on their way home had to cross the G. R. & I. railway. They were riding in a buggy and while approaching the track Mrs. Gage observed a train approaching at a great rate of speed. She spoke to her husband, who said it was not a train but a track light and urged his horse on, though his wife begged him to stop. When near the track and with the train close upon them Gage jumped from the rig and ran in an opposite direction. Mrs. Gage and her baby were forced to remain in the rig, which barely missed being struck by the train. Mrs. Gage was badly frightened and alleges in her complaint that she believes that her husband thus attempted to take her life. The affair made her so fear her husband that she has since lived with her father.

LADIES AND CHILDREN

who can not stand the shocking strain of laxative syrups and cathartic pills are especially fond of Little Early Risers. All persons who find it necessary to take a liver medicine should try these easy pills, and compare the agreeably pleasant and strengthening effect with the nauseating and weakening conditions following the use of other remedies. Little Early Risers cure biliousness, constipation, sick headache, jaundice, malaria and liver troubles. Sold by Meyer Bros. Co.

Political Announcements.

FOR COMMISSIONER.

Editor Sentinel: Please announce my name as candidate for county commissioner for the First district, subject to the decision of the democratic convention.

JACOB LUNZ,
Adams Township.

Editor Sentinel: Please announce my name as a candidate for county commissioner for the First district, subject to the will of the democratic county convention.

ALBERT J. BLACK.

Editor Sentinel Please announce my name as a candidate for commissioner for the First district of Allen county, subject to the decision of the democratic nominating convention June 11, 1904.

HENRY J. HOEVE,
Adams Township.

FOR RECORDER.

To the Democrats of Allen County: I hereby announce my name for your consideration as a candidate for recorder, subject to the decision of the nominating convention of 1904, and I highly appreciate any favors you can bestow in my behalf.

Yours truly,
AMASA S. ROBINSON.

Editor Sentinel: Please announce to the democrats of Allen county that I am a candidate for county recorder, subject to the decision of the democratic nominating convention.

CHARLES P. SORDELET.

Editor Sentinel: Please announce to the democrats of Allen county that I am a candidate for county recorder, subject to the decision of the democratic nominating convention, to be held June 11, 1904, and will thank you for your assistance.

J. A. NOONAN.

FOR COUNTY TREASURER.

Editor Sentinel: Please announce that I am a candidate for the office of county treasurer, subject to the decision of the democratic convention, June 11, 1904.

FRANK H. BUETER,
New Haven, Adams Township.

Editor Sentinel: Please announce that I am a candidate for treasurer of Allen county, subject to the decision of the democratic nominating convention, to be held June 11, 1904.

JOHN H. GOEGLEIN.

FOR SHERIFF.

Editor Sentinel: Please announce that I am a candidate for sheriff of Allen county, subject to the decision of the democratic county convention and the wishes of the voters of the county.

JULIUS C. HUGUENARD.

Editor Sentinel: Please announce that I am a candidate for sheriff of Allen county, subject to the decision of the democratic county convention.

AARON M. REICHELDERFER.

Editor Sentinel: Please announce that I am a candidate for sheriff of Allen county, subject to the decision of the democratic county convention.

BENJAMIN F. EICK,
Present Chief Deputy Sheriff.

Editor Sentinel Please announce that I am a candidate for the nomination for sheriff, subject to the decision of the democratic county convention.

GEORGE H. VIBERG.

Editor Sentinel: Please announce that I will be a candidate for the office of sheriff of Allen county, subject to the wishes of the democratic voters and the pleasure of the nominating democratic county convention, June 11th, 1904.

A. C. GLADIEUX,
Of Jefferson Township.

TOWNSHIP ASSESSOR.

Editor Sentinel: Please announce my name as a candidate for township assessor of Wayne township, subject to the decision of the democratic township nominating convention.

EDWIN W. MILLER.

Editor Sentinel: Please announce that I will be a candidate for the nomination for assessor of Wayne township, subject to the decision of the democratic township nominating convention.

HENRY W. BECKER.

Editor Sentinel: Please announce that I am a candidate for assessor of Wayne township, subject to the decision of the democratic nominating convention.

LOUIS JOCQUEL.

TOWNSHIP TRUSTEE.

Editor Sentinel: Please announce that I will be a candidate for the nomination for trustee of Wayne township, subject to the decision of the democratic township nominating convention.

JOS. M. SINGMASTER.

Editor Sentinel: Please announce that I am a candidate for trustee of Wayne township, subject to the decision of the democratic nominating convention.

HENRY E. BRANNING.

Editor Sentinel: Please announce that I will be a candidate for the nomination for trustee of Wayne township, subject to the decision of the democratic township nominating convention.

MARTIN C. FOELLINGER.

Editor Sentinel: I hereby announce my name as a candidate for trustee of Wayne township and request your vote and support at the coming democratic primaries and convention to be held June 10th and 11th, according to the percentage plan adopted.

D. J. SHAW, 10th Ward.

STATE REPRESENTATIVE.

Editor Sentinel: Please announce to the democrats of Allen county that I am a candidate for state representative, subject to the decision of the democratic nominating convention, to be held June 11, 1904.

ALBERT B. PARKER,
Of St. Joe Township.

Editor Sentinel: Please announce my name as a candidate for re-election as state representative, subject to the decision of the democratic nominating convention.

MICHAEL SHERIDAN.

Editor Sentinel: Please announce to the democrats of Allen county that I am a candidate for state representative, subject to the decision of the democratic nominating convention, to be held June 11, 1904.

W. S. WELLS.

Editor Sentinel: Please announce to the democrats of Allen county that I am a candidate for representative, subject to the decision of the democratic county nominating convention.

WILLIAM F. RANKE.

FOR CORONER.

Editor Sentinel: Please announce to the democrats of Allen county that I am a candidate for coroner, subject to the decision of the democratic nominating convention, June 11, 1904, and will thank you for your assistance.

DR. A. J. KESLER.

Editor Sentinel: Please announce my name as a candidate for the office of coroner of Allen county, subject to the decision of the democratic nominating convention.

DR. A. K. HAMMOND.

FOR PROSECUTING ATTORNEY.

Editor Sentinel: Please announce that I am a candidate for prosecuting attorney, subject to the decision of the democratic nominating convention.

FRANKLIN A. EMRICK.

Editor Sentinel: Please announce that I am a candidate for nomination for re-election as prosecuting attorney, subject to the decision of the democratic county convention.

RONALD DAWSON.

The Rurode DRY GOODS CO.

Wise Buyers

It is short-sighted economy that only asks "how low is the price. Wise buyers look for value and quality as well. We aim to combine quality with low price and to prove that moderate prices can command both quality and style. Good goods are cheapest in the end.

We Are Now Showing

All the newest creations for summer wear. Our counters overflow with the season's brightest offerings. Just now interest centers in the light-weight dress fabrics. All the good things are here at attractive prices.

GINGHAMS, LAWNS, BATISTES, MADRAS, VOILES, CHEVIOTS, PERCALES, SWISSES and new Bourette and Nub effects for shirt waist suits.

Our Carpet Room

Is a busy and attractive spot these days of housecleaning and refurnishing. If there is a need to fill in carpets, rugs, curtains or draperies, you will do well to come and talk it over with us, as our years of experience have taught us how to buy to the best advantage. We show the cream of the styles from the best makers at the lowest possible price. You'll find here

ALL THE NEW STYLES AND COLORINGS IN CARPETS, DOMESTIC AND ORIENTAL RUGS IN ALL SIZES; LACE AND DRAPERY CURTAINS THE RIGHT SORT; CURTAIN AND DRAPERY MATERIALS OF ALL KINDS.

Up-To-Date

Every department in the store shows the newest productions. Swell styles in ready-to-wear garments, suits, skirts, jackets, waists, etc. The latest styles in silks and dress goods. All that is new in laces, trimmings, hosiery, gloves, ribbons, underwear, notions and fancy goods. All at right prices.

The Rurode Dry Goods Co.

Great Remodeling Sale

The Growths of Our Business Has Compelled Us to Enlarge Our Store

We have taken the room formerly occupied by the Star Shoe Store, adjoining our present quarters, and by removing the partition we will have one large room, with entrances on both Columbia and Calhoun streets. This will give us a space ample to handle our increasing business in a more satisfactory manner, as well as to carry a larger stock and a greater variety of goods.

Will Offer During the Removal Sale

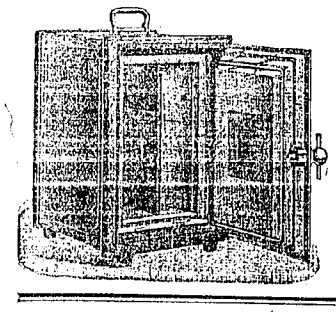
Men's strictly all wool Suits $5.00

Child's good, durable Suit $1.45

OTHER BARGAINS ALWAYS TO BE FOUND AT

THE UP-TO-DATE CLOTHING CO.

GRAFFE'S OLD STAND. COR. COLUMBIA AND CALHOUN STS.



Protect Your

Valuable Papers Against FIRE.

You will feel the need of a deposit vault after you have met with a loss.

The only practical and satisfactory small safe made especially designed for the home.

SOLD ONLY BY

F. M. Smith & Co.,

612 Calhoun Street.

Hardware, Cutlery and Tools.

If in need of anything, try THE SENTINEL Want Column.

SHOPMAN DIES AFTER TWO WEEKS' ILLNESS

Martin Laurence Fox Succumbs at Age of 42--Mortuary Matters.

Martin Laurence Fox, an employe of the Pennsylvania shops, died at 1:30 o'clock Tuesday afternoon at his home, 1320 Summit street, after an illness of two weeks. Death was due to a complication of diseases, in which heart trouble was prominent, and the end had been expected for several days.

Mr. Fox was forty-two years of age and is survived by the wife and two sons, William and Charles. Other relatives include the aged parents, Mr. and Mrs. W. W. Fox, of Boone street, three brothers and a sister—Elias H. Fox, of Grand Rapids; Henry A. Fox, of this city; Frank E. Fox, of Allegheny, Pa., and Mrs. Jennie Smith, of this city. Mr. Fox was a member of Calvary U. B. church.

Announcement of the funeral will be made later.

WIEBKE.

Mrs. Sophia Wiebke, wife of Henry Wiebke, a well known farmer, died Tuesday, April 26, at 10:40 at her home in Wayne township, three miles south of the city, from pneumonia, after an illness of five days.

Mrs. Wiebke, who was 63 years old, was born in Preus-Minden, Germany, and came with her parents to America at the age of five years. The family settled in Wayne township, where Mrs. Wiebke has lived ever since. She was united in marriage in 1858 to Mr. Wiebke and nine children were born of the union, five of them preceding the mother in death. The four surviving children are Henry Wiebke, of this city; Mrs. William Metting, Louise and Frederick, all of whom reside at home. One brother and two sisters also survive, Mrs. William Prange and Mrs. William Hartman, of Wayne township, and Frederick, living in Grand Rapids, Mich. Mrs. Wiebke was a devoted member of Emmaus Lutheran church.

FAIRFIELD.

Roland Fairfield, the four months old son of Mr. and Mrs. Oliver Fairfield, of Wayne township, southwest of the city, died Tuesday, April 26, at 1:30 o'clock from pneumonia.

The funeral was held Thursday afternoon at 2 o'clock from the house, interment at Prairie Grove cemetery.

HOLLENBECK.

William Hollenbeck, of 1503 East Washington street, died at 11:30 o'clock Wednesday, April 27, from dropsy, from which he had been a sufferer for the past year.

Mr. Hollenbeck was born on October 18, 1845, in Germany, and came to Fort Wayne in 1864. He was married in 1869 to Sarah Weiman, who, with four children, survive him. They are Mrs. John Brecheisen, of Rushville, Ind.; Anna, Dora and Herman, all of this city. Deceased was a member of Concordia lodge, I. O. O. F., and of Canton lodge of the same order.

In early life Mr. Hollenbeck was engaged in railroading and was a passenger brakeman on one of the first trains to run on the completed Fort Wayne, Cincinnati and Louisville road, now the Lake Erie and Western.

MOSS.

Mrs. Mary E. Moss, of 2424 Force street, died very suddenly about 10 o'clock Wednesday and a post-mortem examination, made by Deputy Coroner Dr. H. A. Duemling, revealed that death was due to a heart clot. Deceased was 74 years old and up until a short time before her death was able to be about.

REBMAN.

Michael Rebman, sixty-five years of age, died at noon today at his home, 1324 Bluff street, from a complication of diseases, after an extended illness.

Mr. Rebman was born in Canton Argyle, Switzerland, April 11, 1839, but came to America in his youth. He served as a soldier in the civil war and is survived by the wife and nine children—Anna, John, Eliza, Louis, Charles, William, Emma, Carrie and Amelia, all residing in this city.

Funeral services are to be held from the residence Sunday afternoon at 2 o'clock, Rev. Ruhl officiating.

MULLIGAN.

Daniel Mulligan died Saturday morning at the poor farm from paralysis at the age of 67 years. The deceased was born in Ireland, but has lived in America since his early manhood. He was unmarried, and so far as is known, has no relatives in this country. The remains were removed to the Schaumann undertaking parlors, where they were prepared for burial. A Marion priest, who is known to be a friend of the deceased,

STUDY this Advertisement.

You will find savings never offered by any house in the city. We want your trade if low prices will get it. Read our matchless list of spring bargains. Ladies' wrappers, with 12-inch flounce, worth $1.25; our price 89c. Ladies' $1.50 wrappers, $1.00. Ladies' dressing sacques, 49c, 70c, 85c. See our line of ladies' underwear before buying. Ladies' vests, 5c, 9c, 12½c, 15c, 19c, 23c. Ladies' drawers 23c, 35c. Gents' summer underwear, 25c. Ladies' 15c black hosiery, 10c. Ladies' fancy hosiery, 12½c, 19c, 25c. Gents' black one-half hose, 10c; sold everywhere for 15c. Handkerchiefs by the car load at popular prices. No. 60 all silk neck ribbon, only 18c yard. Children's parasols, 15c to $1.40. Ladies' parasols at special low prices. Pearl shirt waist sets, 10c, 15c, 25c. Ladies' wrist bags, 25c, 49c. Ladies' belts, 25c, 39c, 49c, 89c. Ladies' black Morie petticoats, velvet binding, clasp fitting waist bands, only 85c. Ladies' colored mercerized petticoats worth $3.50; only $1.25. Parlor lamps at greatly reduced prices table oil cloth, 16c yard; linen window shades, 21c. Curtain poles, 9c. $4.00 lawn mowers, $2.39. Alarm clocks, 85c. $1.00 watches, 69c. Steel express wagons, 69c. Velocipedes, $1.48. Linen telescopes, 25c to 98c. Trunks, $1.85 to $10.98. Suit cases, $1.25 to $5.98. Folding go-carts with rubber tires, $2.18. Go-carts and baby carriages at money saving prices. Bird cages, 48c. Base ball goods and fishing tackle very cheap. Visit Fort Wayne's big bargain store this week for bargains.

JAS. M. KANE

has been communicated with and it is expected he will claim the remains.

SCHMETZER.

A telegram was received Saturday morning announcing the death of Mrs. Lottie Schmetzer, which occurred at Parkersburg, W. Va. Mrs. Schmetzer was 34 years old, and is survived by her mother, Mrs. Emerson, who lives at Parkersburg, and one son. Her maiden name was Lottie Emerson. She left Fort Wayne about seven months ago. Mrs. Emerson will accompany the remains to this city.

The remains were brought to Fort Wayne for interment.

VOLLMER.

Fort Wayne relatives of Frederick Vollmer, formerly of this city, received word Thursday of his death, which occurred April 16 in Buckburg, Germany. For fifty years Mr. Vollmer was a resident of St. Joe township and he left for Germany on August 17 last year to spend his remaining days at his old home. He was buried at Buckburg. Mr. Vollmer left home at the age of eighteen and became a sailor. A few years later he came to Allen county and settled on a farm near Goeglein. He leaves six children, who live here—William, Fred and Louis Vollmer, of this city; Mrs. Frederick Nieter, of Milan township; Mrs. John Lunz, of Fort Wayne; Mrs. William Lunz, of St. Joe township.

SOWERS.

Mrs. Daniel Sowers, of Scipio township, died April 26 from an attack of measles and was buried at Scipio cemetery Thursday morning. Deceased was fifty-two years old and leaves her husband, a son and a daughter.

STEIB.

Helen Rose, the little daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Jacob Steib, of 125 East Williams street, died at 3 o'clock Friday morning from congestion of the lungs at the age of 11 months.

Funeral services were held at 1 o'clock Saturday from the house and at 1:30 from St. Peter's Catholic church.

LENZ.

Mrs. Martha Lenz died at 12:15 o'clock this morning at St. Joseph hospital from brain fever after a short illness. Deceased was the wife of Frederick Lenz, of 1406 Francis street, and was thirty-two years old. The husband and one son survive.

BALDWIN.

Mrs. Nellie Cummings Baldwin, daughter of T. J. T. Cummings, of 205 Grand street, this city, died this morning at 5:20 o'clock at her home in Marion. Deceased was thirty-one years of age and she leaves her husband and two children, besides her father, two brothers and three sisters.

The remains will be brought to this city Wednesday at noon and the funeral services will be held from the home of Mr. Cummings Wednesday afternoon at 3 o'clock.

MUST NOT RETAIL ON WHOLESALE MARKET

Farmers Who Sell at Retail Must Pay the Market Tax of Ten Cents a Day.

Mayor Berghoff Tuesday morning issued orders to Marketmaster Ropa to compel farmers and hucksters who sell at retail to occupy that portion of Barr street set apart for retail purposes. For more than a year retailing has been going on on the wholesale market, which is located on Barr street north of Berry, and by this practice the city lost the revenue from the tax of ten cents per day, which is levied on those who occupy space on the street for the sale of produce.

Heretofore Marketmaster Ropa's jurisdiction has extended over the retail market only, but in the future he will be required to see to it that the two markets are kept entirely separate.

WEEKLY CROP SUMMARY.

Washington, May 3.—The weather bureau's weekly summary of crop conditions is as follows:

Rains have prevented farm work in the Ohio valley, Tennessee and portions of the lower lake region, middle Atlantic states and New England.

With the exception of Kansas, southern Missouri and Arkansas corn planting has progressed slowly, but preparations for this work throughout the corn belt have been extensive and with good weather the coming week planting will be vigorously pushed in Nebraska, Iowa, Illinois and Indiana.

POSTMASTER AT WOODBURN.

Washington, May 3.—The following Indiana postmasters have been appointed:

L. Curtis, at Patton; Henry Chapman, at Woodburn, Allen county.

Authority has been granted for the organiaztion of the Citizens' National bank of Tell City, with a capital stock of $30,000. John T. Patrick, John W. Scull, Adolph Scully, Gustave Meyer and Andy Steina are named as incorporators.

The First National bank of Loogootee has been authorized to commence business, with a capital of $25,000. John N. Breen is president and J. M. Twitty cashier.

Additional rural free delivery will be established at Pierceton, Kosciusko county, June 1.

POE POINTERS.

Weather is now clearing up and farmers are merrily whistling as they work in the fields.

The independent telephone system of this place is assuming gigantic proportions. Regular meetings of the stockholders are held and the enterprise is in a most flourishing condition.

Born, to Mr. and Mrs. James Morton—a son.

Wilk Roberts and family, of Fort Wayne, who formerly lived here, visited with his brother, Man Roberts, and family Sunday last.

On last Saturday the democrats of this township held their primary election at Center school house and chose Wm. Schroder as delegate to the state convention. Mr. Chapman was also a candidate for the position, but was defeated.

Miss Carrie Van Horn, who has been working for Mrs. John Lipes, has returned to her home in Middletown.

Born, to Mr. and Mrs. Frank Falls—a daughter.

Last Sunday afternoon the Misses Mina Somers and Mae Mercer and Mr. Ira Somers called on the Misses Stewert.

Homer Brown and family have moved on the Solomon Snider farm, which he purchased.

Andy Neireiter has been blowing stumps for Mr. Brown recently.

Jasper McGee is employed by A. O. Hadley this summer.

The republicans hold their primary for electing their township ticket on Saturday afternoon, May 21.

Tubman, the contractor, is again working with a force of thirty men on the interurban railway near here.

The public school closes next Friday.

Marcus Moncasmith and his mother have lately moved into Poe and now reside in the old Gaston residence.

The mail which was formerly carried by the Decatur rural carrier is now carried by Elias Hartzell, the carrier on Hoagland rural route No. 1.

Mrs. Ellen Trenary, Mrs. Thomas Mullen and Mrs. Mina Dalman attended the convention of the Eastern Star at Indianapolis last week.

Beam and Trenary are still operating their saw mill in Madison township.

HOLD CONVENTION SATURDAY.

The democratic voters of Pleasant township will hold a convention next Saturday, May 7, for the purpose of placing in nomination candidates for trustee, justice of the peace and constable. The convention is to be held at the Center school house, where polls will be open from 2 to 4 p. m. The call for the convention is signed by Charles Dalman and James Wood, committeemen.

Fishing Tackle

Rods,
Reels,
Lines,

Artificial Bait of every description. See our line and get our prices. We are also agents for the famous

Imperial

Bicycles, and 100 other Wheels from $3 up. We have the only puncture-proof Tire made—original self-healing Alligator Tire, guaranteed. We have the only good $4 Tire in the city. A good Tire for $1.50. Largest line of Base Ball Goods in the city. We are dealers in sporting goods only.

A. J. ROUSSEY, Gun Store,

Opp. Interurban Station.

621 Harrison St.

House Cleaning Time Is Here

Do You Need New Curtains?

WOLF & DESSAUER

Can show you the largest and most complete line of LACE CURTAINS, TAPESTRY CURTAINS AND DRAPERY MATERIALS in this city, our assortment of styles and qualities is unlimited, and the fact that every one who looks through the line buys, is good evidence that prices are right as well as quality

We have Nottingham Curtains in a hundred and fifty patterns from	$ .75 to $ 5.00 a Pair
Arabian Curtains, from	$2.89 to $ 8.00 a Pair
Ruffle Net Curtains, from	$ 1.19 to $ 4.00 a Pair
Brussels Net Curtains, from	$3.50 to $10.00 a Pair
Irish Point Curtains, from	$4.00 to $10.00 a Pair
Ruffle Swiss Curtains, from	$ .50 to $ 1.75 a Pair
Tapestry Curtains, from	$ 1.98 to $10.00 a Pair

All kinds of yard goods, from 8c a yard up to the best qualities, Scrim, Swisses, Muslins, Nets and Laces, Silkalines, Cretonnes, Tickings, Denims, Tapestries and Silk Draperies.

We make a specialty of Window Shades. You can buy them ready to hang at 25c, 35c and 50c each, or we make them to order, any color or size you may wish, at the lowest prices.

Come in and satisfy yourself as to the truth of our statements.

WOLF & DESSAUER

SPRING IS HERE AT LAST!

For the garden you will need Wheelbarrows, Spades, Hoes, etc. For the lawn, an Elwood Lawn Mower. For the fences, Barb, Smooth or Coil Steel Wire. For the house, strictly pure Lead and Oil. For cooking, a Jewel Range, Hot Plate, Gasoline or Oil Stove. For the flies, Screen Doors and Windows, and for washing, a White Lily Washing Machine. For best prices and quality call on

Moss & Bloom

Successors to Koehlinger & Baur,

131 EAST COLUMBIA ST. PHONE NO. 314.

"LOOK FOR THE LARGE SQUARE."

Buy Wall Paper of L. O. Hull, 830 Calhoun St. Ask for trading stamps.

John Newman, 71 years of age, died Sunday at his home in Wolcottville.

If its a good thing Seavey's have it.

Here' a Hint

This is the time to do painting in your homes. The air is crisp and pure. This causes the paint to dry quickly without much disagreeable odor. If you have an eye for beauty, a thought for economy, a desire to do the work right, you should get Boydell Paints. This kind looks well always. Colors that wear—easy to apply, but hard to excel—they're mixed to stick. Your choice of shades or quantity—enough for merely "a few daubs" or a first-class "trimming up"—positively the best for the least money. You press the button with $1.45 for a gallon and we'll do the rest.

BOTH 'PHONES 149 SEAVEY'S UP-TO-DATE HARDWARE STORE 109 WEST MAIN ST.